Chicago Residential Lease

For Apartments, Condominiums, Single Family Homes and Townhomes © 2016 by Chicago Association of REALTORS® - All rights reserved This form is intended to be a binding real estate contract

Date of	f Lease	Torm	of Lease			Monthly Rent
Date of	Lease	Lease Beginning Date	Lease	Lease En	ding Date	Monthly Rent
1	/ 2018				g =	
Leased Addres	ss (Premises):					
In consideration	n of the mutual co	ovenants and agreements herein s as a private dwelling only, the Pre	stated, La	andlord(s)) hereby leases to	Tenant(s) and Tenant(s) hereby
the above Term	of Lease, subjec	t to all the provisions of this Leas	e.	gouloi III	in the fixtures an	a appliances in the premises, re-
(Yes) (No)		The following are inco	rnorated	into the I	ease when indic	ated
(103) (110)	A Security de	posit is being held by Landlord (if		into the I	Lease When male	
		ncial Institution (Name and Addre				
		rity Deposit shall be or is held (if a	aný)			
		Refundable Move-In Fee (if any)				
	Pets Permit	ted (description of any pet permit during lease):	ted			
	Parking i	ncluded in lease (space number(s	5)			
	Addit	ional Storage Location (if any)				
		l? If yes, Furnished Rider Attache	d			
Rent sh	nall include the fo	llowing (check those that apply):			r □ Electricity □ lite □ Internet □	Gas ☐ Basic Cable
					nte ⊔ internet ∟ ≀Removal Other	
Appliances ov	vned and provide	d by Landlord (check those that a	pply):	☐ Refrig	gerator Microw	vave □ Oven/Range
					vasher 🗆 Washe	er 🗆 Dryer
	Landlard's	s Property Insurer:		☐ Other		
(Name, Add	dress and Phone	of Homeowner Insurance Compar	ny):			
()		Property Insurer:				
(Name, A	Address and Phor	ne of Renter Insurance Company)	:			
Identification of	Tenant(s):		l andlord(s	s) or Autho	prized Management	Agent:
			`	J OI Addition	nizea management	Agoin.
Name(s)			Name(s)			
Telephone:			Address:)		
Email:			Telephone	ne:		
Eman.			Email:			
			Person au	thorized to	Act on Behalf Of C	Owner for the Purpose of Service
Name(s) of perso	ons authorized to o	ccupy promises:			pting Notices:	which for the r dipose of dervice
			Name:			
			Address:			
			Telephone) :		
	reements and Co					
	o Landlord Tenant Ord nent for Drug and Viol				Paint Bed Bug	Prevention Rider
	Detector Acknowledge		and Treven	tion Rider		
Smoke	Free Housing Acknow	ledgement Consent for Utility	y Account I	nformation		
NI NI	N WITNESS WHER	EOF, the parties hereto have caused t	this instrur	ment to be	executed, on the da	ay first above written.
Tenant(s)				llord(s)		
Signature:			Sigr	nature:		
			1			

Lead-Based Paint and Radon Disc	closures (Separate Documents)				
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Disclosure: □	Applicable Not Applicable				
Disclosure of Radon Hazards: ☐ Applic	cable Not Applicable				
Landlord:	Date:				
Landlord:	Date:				
Tenant:	Date:				
Tenant:	Date:				
Tenant:	Date:				
leating Cost Disclosure					
The cost of heating is the responsibility average monthly cost of utility service primary source of heat (heating supply) the most recent annual period of contir occupants, current or expected rates a approved by the Illinois Commerce Cor	projected by the utility providing the based on energy consumption during huous occupancy by one or more prior and normalized weather by the method				
Tenant Acknowled	dgment				
lotice of Conditions Affecting Habitabi	lity				
□ None Known□ See Attached					
enforcements litigation and/or compli previous 12 months for the Premises and	I hereby acknowledge that Landlord has disclosed any code violations, code enforcements litigation and/or compliance board proceedings during the previous 12 months for the Premises and common areas and any notice of intent to terminate utility service, copies of which, if any, are attached to the lease.				
Tenant Acknowle	edgment				
Tenant hereby acknowledges receipt of the fo	ollowing:				
x Receipt of Heating Cost Disclosure City of Chicago Building Code Violations					
x Preventing Bedbug Infestations in Apartmen					
x Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Hor Radon Testing Guidelines Pamphlet	ne Pamphlet				
City of Chicago Residential Landlord and Te	nant Ordinance Summary				
x Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance	e Rate of Interest on Security Deposits				
Security Deposit Receipt (if applicable) Condominium Association Rules & Regula	tions (if applicable)				
Tenant Acknowle	dgment				
LEASE COVENANTS AND AGREEME	INTS				
1. Application. Tenant covenants th					
Application for this Lease are incorporate Tenant covenants that all information co that this information was given as an indi Lease, and therefore constitutes a materi	ontained in the Application is true and ucement for Landlord to enter into this				
Tenant Acknowled	lgment				

2. Tenant Inspection Prior to Occupancy: Building Code Violations. Tenant has inspected the Premises and all common areas of the property to which Tenant has lawful access during the Lease Term, and is satisfied with their general condition and appearance. Tenant acknowledges that there have been no representations, promises or other undertakings by Landlord, or any agent of Landlord, made to induce Tenant to enter into this Lease, except those expressly made in writing, relative to the repairs, decorating, additions to, or removal of

any portion of the Premises or of the property. Tenant further acknowledges that attached hereto are copies, if any, of notices received from the City of Chicago during the twelve months prior to the date hereof concerning code violations, and copies of notices from any utility provider regarding termination of utility services. For current building code violations, please https://www.cityofchicago.org.

Tenant Acknowledgment

3. Tenant Responsibility regarding Bed Bug Infestation. Tenant shall be responsible for all requirements and obligations set forth in the Municipal Code of Chicago deemed "Tenant responsibility" and shall be liable for any and all damages which may occur as a result of tenant's failure to strictly abide by any requirement as set forth in the Municipal Code of Chicago concerning any duty, condition, or responsibility required of tenant with regard to reporting, treatment, or cooperation with landlord in regards to Bed bug infestation.

Tenant Acknowledgment

- 4. The Rent. Tenant shall pay the Monthly Rent to Landlord or Landlord's agent on the first day of each month as set forth herein.
- 5. Late Fee. The Monthly Rent shall be automatically increased \$10, plus 5% of the amount by which the Monthly Rent exceeds \$500, as additional rent, if received by Landlord after the 5th of the month for which it is due.
- 6. Returned Bank Items. If any check or other bank instrument tendered for payment of any tenant obligation hereunder is returned for insufficient funds, Tenant shall pay Landlord a \$___fee as additional rent. Landlord shall further have the right to demand that any such returned item be replaced by a cashier's check or money order. If Tenant tenders more than two checks or bank drafts during the term of this Lease which are returned for insufficient funds, Landlord shall have the right to demand that all future obligations hereunder be paid by cashier's check or money order.
- 7. Possession. Landlord shall deliver possession of the Premises to Tenant on the Beginning Date of the Lease. If Landlord is unable to deliver possession to Tenant on such date, this Lease shall remain in full force and effect except that the Monthly Rent shall be abated pro rata until possession is delivered, unless Tenant elects to maintain an action for possession of the Premises or, upon written notice to Landlord, elects to terminate this Lease.
- 8. Security Deposit. (If applicable). If Landlord has accepted the Security Deposit to insure Tenants' specific performance of each and every agreement, covenant, rule and obligation contained in this Lease, Landlord shall have the right, but not the obligation, to use the Security Deposit in whole or part, as a setoff against any default, either in payment of rent or other breach, which results in any loss to Landlord. If Tenant has complied with all obligations under this Lease, Landlord shall, within 45 days after Tenant vacates the Premises, refund the Security Deposit. The Security Deposit shall be held in a Federally Insured interest bearing account in a bank, savings and loan association, or other financial institution located in the State of Illinois. Interest on the Security Deposit shall be paid at the rate set by the City Comptroller for security deposits held more than six months and may be paid to Tenant either directly or by credit in the form of a rent reduction. The Security Deposit shall not be allocated by Tenant toward payment of rent.
- 9. Use of Premises. The Premises shall be occupied exclusively for residential purposes by Tenant and the other persons specifically listed in the Application and any children which may be born to or in the legal custody of Tenant during the Lease term. Unless agreed to in writing by the Landlord, no person not listed in the Application may occupy the Premises for more than a single two week period, during any single year of the Lease term. Neither Tenant nor any person in legal occupancy of the Premises with the Tenant shall perform nor permit any practice which could cause damage to the reputation of the building or Landlord, be injurious thereto, illegal, immoral, or increase the rate of insurance on the property. At no time during the Term of this Lease shall more persons reside in the Premises than would be permitted by the applicable building and/or zoning codes for the City of Chicago. Further, at no time during the Term of this Lease shall Tenant enter into short-term subleases, rooms for rent, or Air Bed & Breakfast agreements or leases. Such agreements will be considered a breach of Lease and cause for termination.
- 10. Tenant Maintenance Obligations. Tenant shall maintain the Premises in a clean, presentable and safe condition at all times and in accordance with all health, safety and building code regulations. At the termination of this Lease and upon surrender of the Premises, all fixtures, appliances and personal property of Landlord shall be in the same condition as they were on the Beginning Date, normal wear and tear excepted.

Landlord may at its sole option use all or part of the Security Deposit (if any) to repair and/or replace any damage to Landlord's property caused either directly by Tenant or by Tenant's negligence.

Tenant Acknowledgment _	
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- 11. Sublease. Tenant shall not sublease this Lease without the prior written consent of the Landlord, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. Landlord may require Tenant to enter a formal written sublease agreement. Any sublease of this Lease shall not release Tenant from the Tenant's obligation hereunder, until the full, specific performance and satisfaction of each and every agreement, covenant and obligation hereunder. Tenant shall be liable for any monetary and non-monetary breaches of this Lease cause by Tenant's subtenant.
- 12. Assignment. Tenant shall not assign this agreement without the prior written consent of Landlord
- **13. No Alterations.** Tenant shall not make or cause to be made any alteration or addition to the Premises, without the prior written consent of the Landlord, and shall under no circumstances install any additional lock or security device to the Premises or the property which could impair Landlord's access.
- 14. Right of Access by Landlord. Tenant shall permit reasonable access to Landlord, and any of Landlord's invitees, agents, or contractors, in accordance with local statues and ordinances, upon receiving 2 days' notice by mail telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice. Landlord shall have immediate access to the Premises in case of emergency and where repairs or maintenance elsewhere in the building unexpectedly require such access. Landlord shall give Tenant notice of such entry within two days after such entry.
- 15. Right of Access to Show Premises to Prospective Tenants and Purchasers. Landlord shall have the right to show the Premises to all prospective Tenants and purchasers, and any of Landlord's other invitees, in accordance with local statutes and/or ordinances. Tenant shall permit reasonable access to Landlord upon receiving 2 days' notice by mail, telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice. Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused to Landlord for failure to cooperate under this provision. Tenant shall not interfere with Landlord's efforts to lease the Premises or sell the property, and Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused by breach of this provision.
- **16. Holding Over.** Tenant shall be liable for double the Monthly Rent in the event that Tenant retains possession of all or any part of the Premises after the Ending Date of this Lease. Landlord may at its sole option, upon written notice to Tenant, create a month to month tenancy between Landlord and Tenant under the same terms and conditions of this Lease. Additionally, if Tenant retains possession of all or any part of the Premises after the Ending Date of this Lease and pays less than double the Monthly Rent and Landlord accepts payment, this shall become a month to month tenancy, and not a year to year tenancy, between Landlord and Tenant under the same terms and conditions of this Lease.
- 17. Heat and Water. If heat is included in the Monthly Rent, Landlord will provide the supply of heat at no additional cost to the Tenant during the winter months, at a level prescribed by statute or local ordinance. Water in reasonable quantities, strictly for residential use, is included in the Monthly Rent.
- **18. Utilities.** Tenant is responsible for the provision and direct payment to utility providers for the utilities NOT included in the rent as outlined on page one of the Lease. Tenant is required to establish accounts with the utility providers no later than the Lease Beginning Date set forth on page one. Should Landlord become obligated for payment of any utility for which Tenant is liable under the terms of this Lease, such payment by Landlord shall become an additional rent payment due and payable by Tenant.
- **19. Damages and Negligence.** Tenant shall be liable for any damage done to the premises as a result of Tenant's direct action, negligence or failure to inform Landlord of repairs necessary to prevent damage to the Premises.
- **20. Abandonment.** The Premises shall be deemed abandoned when the criteria set forth in the Chicago Residential Landlord/Tenant Ordinance have been met, and Landlord shall have the right to relet the Premises and dispose of Tenant's possessions in the manner prescribed by law.
- 21. Notices. Any legal notice or demand may be served by tendering it to any person thirteen years old or older residing on or in possession of the Premises; or by certified mail addressed to the Tenant, return receipt requested; or by posting it upon the Premises door, if no authorized person under the Lease is in possession of the Premises. Further, except when a statue or ordinance requires notice to be sent by a particular means, Tenant agrees that all Tenant and building notices may be delivered by electronic communication (e-mail) to any e-mail address listed on page 1 for Tenant. This is including but not limited to, late rent notices, notices of entry, fine notices, building maintenance updates, and lease renewal options. Tenant agrees to inform Landlord immediately in writing of any email address change.
- **22. Damage or Destruction.** If the Premises or any part of the property is destroyed or damaged to an extent that makes the Premises uninhabitable, this Lease may be terminated in accordance with applicable statutes or ordinances. In such an event, Landlord does not undertake any covenant to repair or restore the Premises to a habitable condition.
- 23. Tenant's Personal Property. Except as provided by applicable law, Landlord shall not be responsible for the loss of any of the Tenant's personal

- property in the Premises or any part of the building. Tenant shall obtain insurance sufficient to cover all potential losses.
- **24. Landlord's Title.** Tenant shall commit no act which could in any way encumber Landlord's title to the property of which the Premises forms a part. In the event that Tenant does create any encumbrance against the title, it shall be cured within five days after demand by Landlord. Any encumbrance created by Tenant shall constitute a material breach of this Lease. Tenant shall be liable to landlord for all costs, damages and legal fees incurred as a result of any breach of this provision, to the extent permitted by statute or local ordinance or, in the absence thereof, as incurred by Landlord.
- **25.** Legal Expenses. Tenant shall be liable for all legal fees and costs incurred by Landlord as a result of Landlord's efforts to enforce any provision of this Lease, to the extent permitted by court rules, statute or local ordinance or, in the absence thereof, as incurred by Landlord.
- **26. Litigation Escrow.** In the event that Tenant withholds rent in excess of that allowed by statutes or local ordinance, and Landlord institutes a lawsuit in Forcible Entry and Detainer to regain possession of the Premises, or in contract to enforce any provision of this Lease, Tenant shall place such excess rent with the Clerk of Circuit Court, pending disposition of the lawsuit.
- **27. Surrender of Possession.** Tenant shall surrender possession of the Premises and return the keys to the Landlord or Landlords' agent, immediately upon expiration of this Lease, or upon termination due to Tenant's breach. Surrender of possession shall also be deemed to have occurred if the Tenant returns the keys to the Landlord prior to the expiration of this Lease.
- **28.** Subordination of Lease/Estoppel. This Lease is subordinate to all mortgages upon the property of which the Premises forms a part, either in place at the time of Lease execution, or which may be placed upon the property at any time during the term of this Lease. Tenant shall execute any estoppel letter required by any mortgage lender or purchaser of the property, relative to the affirmation of Tenant's Lease status.
- **29. Eminent Domain.** If all or part of the Premises or the property of which the Premises forms a part is condemned, expropriated or otherwise regulated by any governmental authority in a manner which would prevent lawful occupancy, this Lease shall be terminated.
- **30. Heirs and Assigns.** All of the promises, covenants and agreements and conditions contained herein shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns of Landlord and Tenant
- **31.** Acceptance of Rent after Tenant Breach. Except where a breach is for non-payment of rent, Landlord may accept rent after a Tenant breach and the rent will be retained for use and occupancy of the Premises and shall not serve to extinguish Landlord's rights or remedies relative to any lawsuit that may be filed or in progress at the time of the Tenant breach.
- **32.** Time of the Essence. Time is of the essence for the payment of rent and the performance of each and every covenant, term, agreement and condition of this Lease and Tenant shall be held in strict compliance with same.
- **33. Severability.** In the event that any provision, paragraph, rule or covenant contained in this Lease is deemed invalid or unenforceable, all remaining portions of this Lease shall survive and be construed in their entirety.
- **34.** Landlord's Remedies. All rights and remedies granted to Landlord hereunder shall be deemed distinct, separate and cumulative and the exercise of one or more thereof shall not waive, extinguish or preclude the exercise of any other right or remedy, unless same is specifically prohibited by court rules, statute or local ordinance. Tenant shall be required to comply strictly with all provisions, covenants and agreements hereunder, and no waiver shall be implied from Landlord's failure to exercise any of i1s rights or remedies.
- **35. No Additional Energy Draining Devices.** Tenant is prohibited from installing any appliance or device to draw electricity, gas, or any other form of energy from any part of the property other than the Premises. Tenant shall further not install any devices which are not deemed ordinary household appliances or fixtures.
- **36. Storage.** Tenant shall not be entitled to storage space outside the Premises, unless additional storage is specified on page one.
- **37. Joint and Several Liability.** All persons executing this Lease shall be jointly and severally liable for the performance of each and every agreement, covenant and obligation hereunder.
- **38.** Re-Keying of Locks upon Prior Tenant Vacating. Tenant shall have the right to change or re-key the lock(s) to the Premises, and shall upon request immediately provide Landlord a copy of the key to the new lock. In the event that Tenant fails to give Landlord the new key upon Landlords request, such failure shall be deemed an act by Tenant of Material Non-Compliance under the terms of this Lease.

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39. Criminal Activity by Tenant. If Tenant(s) or occupant(s), visitors, or guests on one or more occasions, uses or permits the use of the leased premises for the commission of a felony or Class A misdemeanor under the laws of Illinois, Landlord shall have the right to void the lease and recover the leased premises. **40.** Rules and Regulations of Condominium/Homeowners Association. If the premises is a condominium or part of a Homeowners Association, Tenant (and any person occupying the premises and any of Tenant's guests, invitees, and/or assigns) shall comply at all times with any and all rules, regulations, bylaws, easements, declarations, covenants, restrictions, directions, and/or other provisions of the Condominium/Homeowners Association for the leased Premises. Tenant (and/or Tenant's assigns) does not obtain any voting rights of Landlord with respect to any matters for which a vote is held by or on behalf of the Condominium/Homeowners Association.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

- 1. Unless permitted on page one, no animals are permitted on the property and in the Premises without Landlord's prior written consent, which consent is deemed a license revocable with 10 days written notice by Landlord.
- 2. Entry ways, passages, public halls and common areas may not be obstructed in any way, and may not be used for recreation, congregation or play, or in any manner that might endanger any occupant, invitee or licensee of the building.
- 3. All deliveries, except for small packages and mail, must be made through the rear or service entrance, or a special entrance designated for special deliveries.
- 4. Tenant shall not permit anything to be thrown out of the windows or from the balconies of the building.
- 5. No vehicle or bicycle is allowed in the Premises, building or any common area of the property, unless there is a specific area designated for same.
- 6. Incinerators and waste receptacles shall be used in accordance with posted signs, and all items placed there shall be neatly packaged and deposited. No explosive device or any parcel or item shall be deposited therein which could cause danger.
- 7. No sign or advertisement shall be placed in, around or upon any area of the Premises or building without prior written consent of the Landlord, which consent shall constitute a license revocable immediately upon written notice of the Landlord.

- 8. No items of personal property shall be placed in, around or upon any common area of the building.
- 9. No noise or other sound is permitted which disturbs the other occupants from quiet enjoyment of their apartment or common areas of the property.
- 10. No cooking, baking or similar activity is permitted outside the kitchen area, except when Barbeque grills are allowed on the balcony of an apartment However, any liability or loss arising from the use or operation of a Barbeque grill shall be borne by Tenant.
- 11. No vertical or horizontal projection, machinery, device or receiver of any type, including satellite dishes, shall be attached in, around or upon any part of the Premises or the property without Landlord's written consent
- 12. No unsightly or unsanitary practice which could undermine the sanitation, health or appearance of the building interior or exterior shall be permitted.
- 13. No activity carried on within the Premises or common areas of the property will be permitted which threatens the health, safety or property of any building occupant, or of Landlord.
- 14. Plumbing and electrical facilities in the Premises shall be maintained diligently and neatly at all times.
- 15. The use of water furniture is prohibited.
- 16. If the building is served by an elevator, Tenant must reserve move-in and move-out times in accordance with Landlord's policies.
- 18. These Rules and Regulations are not exhaustive and may be supplemented or modified from time to time upon written notice to Tenant.



DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS LEAD WARNING STATEMENT

Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Τ.	occor	, e	Dicc	osure

(a) Present	ce of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazar	ds (check (i) or (ii) below):		
(i)	(i)Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (ex			
(ii)	Lessor has no knowledge of lead-based paint ar	nd/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.		
(b) Record	ls and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii)	below):		
(i)	Lessor has provided the lessee with all available paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the l			
(ii)	Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to let the housing.	ead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in		
Lessee's A	Acknowledgment (initial)			
(c)	Lessee has received copies of all information lis	ted above.		
(d)	Lessee has received the pamphlet Protect Your	Family from Lead in Your Home.		
	ving parties have reviewed the information above an nation they have provided is true and accurate.	d certify, to the best of their knowledge, that		
Lessor		Date		
Lessee		Date		



Mold Information and Prevention Rider

Please note: It is our goal to maintain a quality living environment for our Residents. To help achieve this goal, it is important to work together to minimize any mold growth in your Apartment. That is why this addendum contains important information for you, and responsibilities for both you and us.

1. ADDENDUM. This is an addendum to the Apartment Lease executed by you, the Resident(s), on the Apartment you have agreed to rent.

That Apartment is located at: 3431 Montrose, Chicago, IL.

2. ABOUT MOLD. Mold is found virtually everywhere in our environment - both indoors and outdoors and in both new and old structures. Molds are naturally occurring microscopic organisms which reproduce by spores and have existed practically from the beginning of time. All of us have lived with mold spores all our lives. Without molds we would all be struggling with large amounts of dead organic matter.

Mold breaks down organic matter in the environment and uses the end product for its food. Mold spores (like plant pollen) spread through the air and are commonly transported by shoes, clothing, and other materials. When excess moisture is present inside an Apartment, mold can grow. There is conflicting scientific evidence as to what constitutes an accumulation of mold which could lead to adverse health effects. Nonetheless, appropriate precautions need to be taken.

- 3. PREVENTING MOLD BEGINS WITH YOU. In order to minimize the potential for mold growth in your Apartment, you must do the following:
- * Keep your Apartment clean particularly the kitchen, the bathroom, carpets and floors. Regular vacuuming, mopping, and using a household cleaner to clean hard surfaces is important to remove the household dirt and debris that harbor mold or food for mold. Immediately throw away moldy food.
- * Remove visible moisture accumulation on windows, walls, ceilings, floors and other surfaces as soon as reasonably possible. Look for leaks in washing machine hoses and discharge lines especially if the leak is large enough for water to infiltrate nearby walls. Turn on any exhaust fans in the bathroom and kitchen *before* you start showering or cooking with open pots. When showering, be sure to keep the shower curtain inside the tub or fully close the shower doors. Also, the experts recommend that after taking a shower or bath, you (1) wipe moisture off shower walls, shower doors, the bathtub, and the bathroom floor; (2) leave the bathroom door open until all moisture on the mirror and bathroom walls and tile surfaces has dissipated; and (3) hang up your towels and bath mats so they will completely dry out.
- * Promptly notify us in writing about any air conditioning or heating system problems you discover. Follow our rules, if any, regarding replacement of air filters. Also, it is recommended that you periodically open windows and doors on days when the outdoor weather is dry (i.e., humidity is below 50%) to help humid areas of your Apartment dry out.
- * Promptly notify us in writing about any signs of water leaks, water infiltration or mold. We will respond in accordance with state law and the Lease Contract to repair or remedy the situation, as necessary.
- **4. IN ORDER TO AVOID MOLD GROWTH,** it is important to prevent excessive moisture buildup in your Apartment. Failure to promptly pay attention to leaks and moisture that might accumulate on Apartment surfaces or that might get inside walls or ceilings can encourage mold growth. Prolonged moisture can result from a wide variety of sources, such as:
 - * rainwater leaking from roofs, windows, doors and outside walls, as well as flood waters rising above floor level;
 - * overflows from showers, bathtubs, toilets, lavatories, sinks, washing machines, dehumidifiers, refrigerator or A/C drip pans or clogged up A/C condensation lines:
 - * leaks from plumbing lines or fixtures, and leaks into walls from bad or missing grouting/caulking around showers, tubs, or sinks;
 - * washing machine hose leaks, plant watering overflows, pet urine, cooking spills, beverage spills and steam from excessive open-pot cooking;
 - * leaks from clothes dryer discharge vents (which can put lots of moisture into the air); and
 - * insufficient drying of carpets, carpet pads, shower walls and bathroom floors.
- 5. IF SMALL AREAS OF MOLD HAVE ALREADY OCCURRED ON NON-PORUOS SURFACES (such as ceramic tiles, formica, vinyl flooring, metal, wood, or plastic), the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommends that you first clean the areas with soap (or detergent) and water, let the surface dry, and then within 24 hours apply a pre-mixed, spray-on-type household biocide, such as Lysol Disinfectant®, Pine-Sol Disinfectant®, (original pine-scented), Tilex Mildew Remover® or Clorox Cleanup®. (Note: Only a few of the common household cleaners will actually kill mold.) Tilex® and Clorox® contain bleach which can discolor or stain. Be sure to follow the instructions on the container. Applying biocides without first cleaning away the dirt and oils from the surface is like painting over old paint without first cleaning and preparing the surface.

Always clean and apply a biocide to an area 5 or 6 times larger than any visible mold because mold may be adjacent in quantities not yet visible to the naked eye. A vacuum cleaner with a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter can be used to help remove non-visible mold products from porous items, such as fibers in sofas, chairs, drapes and carpets - provided the fibers are completely dry. Machine washing or dry cleaning will remove mold from clothes.

- **6. DO NOT CLEAN OR APPLY BIOCIDES TO:** (1) visible mold on *porous surfaces*, such as sheetrock walls or ceilings, or (2) *large areas* of visible mold on *non-porous* surfaces. In each case, notify us in writing and we will take appropriate action.
- **7. COMPLIANCE.** Complying with this addendum will help prevent mold growth in your Apartment, and both you and we will be able to respond correctly if problems develop that could lead to mold growth. If you have questions regarding this addendum, please contact us at the management office or at the phone number shown in your Apartment Lease.

If you fail to comply with this addendum, you can be held responsible for property damage to the Apartment and any health problems that may result. We cannot fix problems in your Apartment unless we know about them.

Resident(s)	Owner
Date	Date

LEASE ATTACHMENT FOR DRUG AND VIOLENCE FREE HOUSING

This Agreement entered into on		by and between EVERGREEN REAL ESTATE SERVICES, Managing in consideration of their mutual promises agrees as follows:			
Agent and		in conside	in consideration of their mutual promises agrees as follows:		
	consideration of the execution or a lows:	renewal of a lea	ase of the dwelling unit i	identified in the Lease, Owner and Tenant agree as	
1.	activity including drug-related co	riminal activity	on or near Oso Apartm	nder the tenant's control shall not engage in criminal nents premises. "Drug-use, in or possession of with defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substance	
2.				on under the tenant's control shall not engage in any lactivity, on or near premises.	
3.				be used for or to facilitate criminal activity including ing in such activity is a member of the household or	
4.	Tenant members of the household whether on or near Oso Apartme			sale, or distribution of illegal drugs at any location,	
5.				under the tenant's control shall not engage in acts of ful discharge of firearms, on or near	
6.	CAUSE FOR TERMINATION Ca serious violation and a materia	OF TENANCY. I noncomplianche lease. Unles	A single violation of any e with the lease. It is un s otherwise provided by	OF THE LEASE AND GOOD of the provisions of this attachment shall be deemed derstood and agreed that a single violation shall be law, proof of violation shall not require criminal	
7.	In case of conflict between the attachment shall govern.	provisions of th	nis attachment and any o	other provisions of the lease, the provisions of the	
8.	This Lease Attachment is incorpo	orated into the le	ease executed or renewed	d this day between Owner and Tenant.	
	Tenant	Date	Tenant	Date	





Mayor

CITY OF CHICAGO RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ORDINANCE SUMMARY



At initial offering, this Summary of the ordinance must be attached to every written rental agreement and also upon initial offering for renewal. The Summary must also be given to a tenant at initial offering of an oral agreement, whether the agreement is new or a renewal. Unless otherwise noted, all provisions are effective as of November 6, 1986. {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-170}

IMPORTANT; IF YOU SEEK TO EXERCISE RIGHTS UNDER THE ORDINANCE, OBTAIN A COPY OF THE ENTIRE ORDINANCE TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE REMEDIES AND PROCEDURES. CONSULTING AN ATTORNEY WOULD ALSO BE ADVISABLE. FOR A COPY OF THE ORDINANCE, VISIT THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE ROOM 107, CITY HALL, 121 N. LASALLE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

A message about porch safety: The porch or deck of this building should be designed for a live load of up to 100 lbs. per square foot, and is safe only for its intended use. Protect your safety. Do not overload the porch or deck. If you have questions about porch or deck safety, call the City of Chicago non-emergency number, 3-1-1.

WHAT RENTAL UNITS ARE COVERED BY THE ORDINANCE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-010 & 5-12-020}

• Rental units with written or oral leases (including all subsidized units such as CHA, IHDA, Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers, etc.)

EXCEPT

- Units in owner occupied buildings with six or fewer units.
- Units in hotels, motels, rooming houses, unless rent is paid on a monthly basis and unit is occupied for more than 32 days.
- School dormitory rooms, shelters, employee's quarters, non-residential rental properties.
- Owner occupied co-ops and condominiums.

WHAT ARE THE TENANT'S GENERAL DUTIES UNDER THE ORDINANCE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-040}

The tenant, the tenant's family and invited guests must comply with all obligations imposed specifically upon tenants by provision of the Municipal Code, applicable to dwelling units, including section 7-28-859:

- Buying and installing working batteries in smoke and carbon monoxide detectors within tenant's apartment.
- Keeping the unit safe and clean.
- Using all equipment and facilities in a reasonable manner.
- Not deliberately or negligently damaging the unit.
- Not disturbing other residents.

LANDLORD'S RIGHT OF ACCESS {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-050}

- A tenant shall permit reasonable access to a landlord upon receiving two days' notice by mail, telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice.
- A general notice to all affected tenants may be given in the event repair work on common areas or other units may require such access.
- In the event of emergency or where repairs elsewhere unexpectedly require access, the landlord must provide notice within two days after entry.

SECURITY DEPOSITS AND PREPAID RENT {MUN. CODE CH: 5-12-080 AND 5-12-081}

- A landlord must give a tenant a receipt for a security deposit including the owner's name, the date it was received and a description of the dwelling unit. The receipt must be signed by the person accepting the security deposit.
- However, if the security deposit is paid by means of an electronic funds transfer, the landlord has the option to give an electronic receipt. The electronic receipt must describe the dwelling unit, state the amount and date of the deposit, and have an electronic or digital signature. (eff. 10-8-10)
- However, the landlord may accept the payment of the first month's rent and the security deposit in one cheek or one electronic funds transfer and deposit such rent and security deposit into one account, if the landlord within 5 days of such acceptance transfers the security deposit into a separate account. (eff. 10-8-10)

- A landlord must hold all security deposits in a federally insured interest-bearing account in a financial institution located in Illinois. Security deposits and interest thereon shall not be commingled with the assets of the landlord.
- A written rental agreement must specify the financial institution where the security deposit will be deposited. If there is no written rental agreement, the landlord must in writing provide such information to the tenant within 14 days of the receipt of the security deposit. If the security deposit is transferred to another financial institution, the landlord must notify the tenant within 14 days of the transfer the name and address of the new financial institution. (eff. 10-8-10)

SECURITY DEPOSITS AND PREPAID RENT {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-080 AND 5-12-081} (Cont.)

- A landlord must pay interest each year on security deposits and prepaid rent held note than six months. (eff. 1-1-92)
- The rate of interest a landlord must pay is set each year by the City Comptroller. (eff. 7-1-97)
- Before expenses for damages can be deducted from the security deposit, the landlord must provide the tenant with an itemized statement of the damages within 30 days of the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit.
- A landlord must return all security deposits and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages, within 45 days from the date the tenant vacates the unit.
- In the event of a fire, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages, with-in seven days from the date that the tenant provides notice of termination of the rental agreement. (eff. 1-1-92)
- In the event of a sale or any other disposition of residential real property by a landlord, the successor landlord is liable to the tenant for any security deposit or prepaid rent paid to the original landlord. The successor landlord must notify the tenant, in writing, within 14 days from the dis-position that the deposit or prepaid rent was transferred to the successor landlord. The original landlord remains liable for the deposit or prepaid rent until the original landlord transfers the deposit or prepaid rent to the successor landlord and provides proper notice of such transfer to the tenant. (Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-080 (e) eff. 5-18-10)
- Subject to correcting a deficient amount of interest paid to a tenant on a security deposit if a landlord fails to comply with specified security deposit requirements the tenant shall be awarded damages in an amount equal to two times the security deposit plus interest. (eff. 10-8-10)

WHAT ARE THE LANDLORD'S GENERAL DUTIES UNDER THE ORDINANCE?

- To give tenant written notice of the owner's or manager's name, address and telephone number. {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-090}
- Within seven (7) days of being served a foreclosure complaint an owner or landlord of a premises that is the subject of the foreclosure complaint shall disclose, in writing, to all tenants of the premises that a foreclosure action has been filed. The owner or landlord shall also notify of a fore-closure suit, in writing, before a tenant signs a lease.

{Mun Code Ch. 5-12-095 eff. 11-05-08}

- To give new or renewing tenants notice of:
 - 1) Code citations issued by the City in the previous 12 months;
 - 2) Pending Housing Court or administrative hearing actions;
- 3) Water; electrical or gas service shut-offs to the building during entire occupancy: {Mun: Code Ch. 5-12-100}
- To maintain the property in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Municipal Code. {Mun: Code Ch. 5-12-070}
- To not require a tenant to renew an agreement more than 90 days before the existing agreement terminates. (eff. 1-1-92) {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-130(i)}
- To provide a tenant with at least 30 days written notice if the rental agreement will not be renewed. If the landlord fails to give the required written notice, the tenant may remain in the dwelling unit for 60 days under the same terms and conditions as the last month of the existing agreement. (eff. 1-1-92) {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-130 (j)}
- To not enforce prohibited lease provisions. {Mun Code Ch. 5-12-140}
- Bed Bugs-Education. For any rental agreement for a dwelling unit entered into or renewed after the effective date of this 2013 amendatory ordinance, prior to entering into or renewing such agreement, the landlord or any person authorized to enter into such agreement on his behalf shall provide to such tenant the informational brochure on bed bug prevention and treatment prepared by the department of health pursuant to section 7-28-860. {Mun Code Ch. 5-12-101}

TENANT REMEDIES (MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110)

Minor Defects

- If the landlord fails to maintain the property in compliance with the Code and the tenant or the tenant's family or guests are not responsible for the failure, the tenant may:
- 1) Request in writing that the landlord make repairs within 14 days, and if the landlord fails to do so the tenant may withhold an amount of rent that reasonably reflects the reduced value of the unit. Rent withholding begins from the fifteenth day until repairs are made; OR
- 2) Request in writing that the landlord make repairs Within 14 days and if the landlord fails to do so the tenant may have the repairs made and deduct up to \$500 or 1/2 of the month's rent, whichever is more, but not to exceed one month's rent. Repairs must be done in compliance with the Code. Receipt for the repairs must be given to the landlord and no more than the cost of the repairs can be deducted from the rent; and also
- 3) File suit against the landlord for damages and injunctive relief.

Major Defects

• If the landlord fails to maintain the property in compliance with the Code, and the failure renders the premises not reasonably fit and habitable, the tenant may request in writing that the landlord make repairs within 14 days. If after 14 days repairs are not made, the tenant may

immediately terminate the lease. Tenant must deliver possession and move out in 30 days or tenant's notice is considered withdrawn. (eff. 1-1-92)

FAILURE TO PROVIDE ESSENTIAL SERVICES (HEAT, RUNNING OR HOT WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS OR PLUMBING) {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110(f)}

- If, contrary to the lease, an essential service is not provided, or if the landlord fails to maintain the building in material compliance with the Code to such an extent that such failure constitutes an immediate danger to the health and safety of the tenant, and the tenant or tenant's family or guests are not responsible for such failure, after giving written notice, the tenant may do ONE of the following:
 - 1) Procure substitute service, and upon presenting paid receipts to the landlord, deduct the cost from the rent; OR
 - 2) File suit against the landlord and recover damages based on the reduced value of the dwelling unit; OR
- 3) Procure substitute housing and be excused from paying rent for that period. The tenant may also recover from the landlord the cost of substitute housing up to an amount equal to the monthly rent for each month or portion thereof; OR
- 4) Request that the landlord correct the failure within 24 hours and if the landlord fails to do so, withhold the monthly rent an amount that reasonably reflects the reduced value of its premises. Rent withholding cannot start until after the 24 hours expires and applies only to days past the 24-hour waiting period; OR (eff. 1-1-92)
- 5) Request that the landlord correct the failure within 72 hours and if the landlord fails to do so, terminate the rental agreement. If the rental agreement is terminated, the tenant must deliver possession and move out within 30 days or the notice of termination is considered withdrawn. (eff. 1-1-92)

Note: Remedies 4) and 5) may not be used if the failure is due to the utility provider's failure to provide service. For the purposes of this section only, the notice a tenant provides must be in writing, delivered to the address the landlord has given the tenant as an address to which notices should be sent, If the landlord does not inform the tenant of an address, the tenant may deliver written notice to the last known address of the land-lord or by any other reasonable means designed in good faith to provide written notice to the landlord. (eff. 1-1-92)

FIRE OR CASUALTY DAMAGE {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110 (g)}

- If a fire damages the unit to an extent that it is in material noncompliance with the Code and he tenant, tenant's family or guests are not responsible for the fire or accident, the tenant may:
- 1) Move out immediately, but if this is done, the tenant must provide written notice to the landlord of the intention to terminate within 14 days after moving out.
- 2) The tenant may stay in the unit, if it is legal, but if the tenant stays and cannot use a portion of the unit because of damage, the rent may be reduced to reflect the reduced value of the unit.
- 3) If the tenant stays, and the landlord fails to diligently carry out the work, the tenant may notify the landlord, in writing, within 14 days after the tenant becomes aware that the work is not being diligently carried out of the tenant's intention to terminate the rental agreement and move out.

SUBLEASES (MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-120)

- The landlord must accept a reasonable subtenant offered by the tenant without charging additional fees.
- If a tenant moves prior to the end of the rental agreement, the landlord must make a good faith effort to find a new tenant at a fair rent.
- If the landlord is unsuccessful in re-renting the unit, the tenant remains liable for the rent under the rental agreement, as well as the landlord's cost of advertising.

WHAT HAPPENS IF A TENANT PAYS RENT LATE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-140 (h)}

• If the tenant fails to pay rent on time, the landlord may charge a late fee of \$10.00 per month on rents under \$500 plus 5 percent per month on that part of the rent that exceeds \$500.00 (i.e., for a \$450.00 monthly rent the late fee is \$10.00, for a \$700 monthly rent the late fee is \$10 plus 5% of \$200.00 or \$20.00 total) (eff. 1-1-92)

WHAT HAPPENS IF A TENANT PAYS RENT DUE AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE TIME PERIOD SET FORTH IN A TERMINATION NOTICE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-140 (g) CH. 5-12-130 (g)}

If the landlord accepts the rent due knowing that there is a default in payment, the tenant may stay.

LANDLORD REMEDIES (MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-130)

- If the tenant fails to pay rent, the landlord, after giving five days written notice to the tenant, may terminate the rental agreement.
- If the tenant fails to comply with the Code or the rental agreement, the landlord, after giving 10 days written notice to the tenant, may terminate the rental agreement if tenant fails to correct the violation.
- If the tenant fails to comply with the Code or the rental agreement, the landlord may request in writing that the tenant comply as promptly as conditions permit in the case of emergency, or within 14 days. If the breach is not corrected in the time period specified, the landlord may enter the dwelling unit and have the necessary work done. In this case, the tenant shall be responsible for all costs of repairs.

LOCKOUTS (MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-160)

This section applies to every residential rental unit in Chicago. There are no exceptions.

• It is illegal for a landlord to lock out a tenant, or change locks, or remove doors of a rental unit, or cut off heat, utility or water service, or to do anything which interferes with the tenant's use of the apartment.

- All lockouts are illegal and the Police Department is responsible for enforcement against such illegal activity. (eff. 1-1-92) (Police Special Order 93-12)
- The landlord shall be fined \$200 to \$500 for each day the lockout occurs or continues.
- The tenant may sue the landlord to recover possession of the unit and twice the actual damages sustained or two months' rent, whichever is greater.

PROHIBITION ON RETALIATORY CONDUCT BY LANDLORD (MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-150)

• A tenant has the right to complain or testify in good faith about their tenancy to governmental agencies or officials, police, media, community groups, tenant unions or the landlord. A landlord is prohibited from retaliating by terminating or threatening to terminate a tenancy, increasing rent, decreasing services, bringing or threatening to bring an eviction action, or refusing to renew a lease agreement.

ATTORNEY'S FEES {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-180}

• Except in eviction actions, the prevailing plaintiff in any action arising from the application of this Ordinance shall be entitled to recover all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. (eff. 1-1-92)

WHERE CAN I GET A COPY OF THE ORDINANCE?

For a copy of the Ordinance, visit the Office of the City Clerk, Room 107, City Hall, 121 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois or view it at the
 Municipal Reference Library, Harold Washington Library, 5th Floor, 400 S. State Street, Chicago, Illinois.

 Approved by the City of Chicago, June 2013

Chicago Rents Right

Good Tenants, Good Landlords, Great Neighborhoods!

For more information, please call 312-742-RENT (7368)

LESSEE:	LESSOR: Oso Apartments LP
	Date, Property Manager Date

RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ORDINANCE

Rate of Interest on Security Deposits

An amendment to the Chicago Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance requires this separate summary-which describes the rights, obligations, and remedies, and the new rate of security deposit interest, and the rate for each of the prior two years – to be attached to each written rental agreement, or be given to tenants who have an oral agreement. (Effective June 30, 1997)

Municipal Code Chapters 5-012-170, 5-12-080 and 5-12-081

- A landlord must give a tenant a receipt for a security deposit including the owner's name, the date it was received and a description of the dwelling unit. The person accepting the security deposit must sign the receipt.
- A landlord must pay interest each year on security deposits (eff. 11-6-86) and prepaid rent (eff. 1-1-92) held more than six months.
- The rate of interest that a landlord must pay is set each year by the City Comptroller (eff. 7-1-97).
- Before a landlord can deduct expenses for damages from the security deposit, the landlord must provide the tenant with an itemized statement of the damages within 30 days of the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit.
- Within 45 days of the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages
- In the event of fire, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages, within seven (7) days from the date that the tenant provides notice of termination of the rental agreement. (eff. 1-1-92).
- In the event monies are withheld from the security deposit for damages the landlord must submit to the tenant's last known address an itemized statement of such damages. Such statement must include estimated or actual costs to repair the damage including copies of paid receipts. If estimates are provided, the landlord must submit paid receipts within 30 days of the date of the statement.

• Security Deposits for this property are held at:

Under Chapter 5-12 of the Municipal Code of Chicago sections 5-12-081 and 5-12-082, the City Comptroller shall calculate and announce on the first business day of each year, the rate of interest to be paid on security deposits. As of January 1, 2016, based on information from the City Comptroller's Office, the interest rate to be paid on security deposits is 0.010 %. This rate is based upon the average of the rates of interest, as of December 31, 2015 of the following types of accounts at the commercial bank having its main branch located in the City of Chicago and having the largest total asset value: Passbook Savings; Insured Money Markets; and Six-month Certificates of Deposit (based on a deposit of \$1,000).

Security Deposit Interest Rate

Current Rat	te - January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017	0.010%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016	0.010%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015	0.010%
Past Rate –	January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014	0.013%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013	0.023%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012	0.057%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011	0.073%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010	0.073%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	0.12%
Past Rate -	January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	1.26%

For copy the complete Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance. to go http://www.chicityclerk.com/legislation/codes/index.html and click on Chapter 5-12—Residential Landlords and Tenants, or visit the Office of the City Clerk, Room 107, City Hall, 121 N. LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL 60602. For a copy of the Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance Summary call 3-1-1, or visit the City of Chicago Department of Housing, 318 S. Michigan Avenue or call them at (312) 742-8400 or email the Department of Housing at Housing @ci.chi.il.us. Or refer to your copy of CAA's Landlord-Tenant Handbook.



SMOKE DETECTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The undersigned tenant(s) ("Tenant") of the apartment identified below (the "Apartment") hereby acknowledges receipt from Evergreen Real Estate Services, L.L.C. ("Evergreen"), as manager of the building commonly known as "Oso Apartments" for owner, its beneficiaries, agents and partners (collectively, "Owner"), of an approved smoke detector(s) (the "Smoke Detector(s)") which is/are installed in the Apartment are in good working order as of the date hereof.

Owner shall be responsible for providing functional batteries for the Smoke Detector and for testing and maintaining the Smoke Detector in accordance with applicable law.

Tenant is responsible for notifying Evergreen in writing of any deficiencies in the Smoke Detector or any of the batteries contained therein. Neither Tenant nor any of Tenant's guests or invitees shall tamper with, misuse, destroy or adjust the Smoke Detector or remove any batteries therefrom, all of which is strictly prohibited.

Tenant hereby authorizes Owner and Evergreen to charge Tenant under the lease for the Apartment for any and all costs and expenses incurred by Evergreen or Owner for repairing or replacing the Smoke Detector(s), if such repair or replacement is deemed necessary by Evergreen or Owner as the result of any tampering, misuse, destruction, or adjustment of the Smoke Detector(s) by Tenant or any of Tenant's guests or invitees.

Tenant hereby knowingly and voluntarily forever waives and releases Evergreen and Owner, their successors and assigns, from any and all liability, claims, injuries or damages resulting from Tenant's tampering with, misuse, destruction or adjustment of the Smoke Detector(s).

Date:	, 20	Tenant(s)
Apartment:		Building:
repartment.		Dunding.

OFAC APPENDIX

Resident warrants and represents to Landlord that Resident is not, and shall not become, a person or entity with whom Landlord is restricted from doing business with under regulations of the Office of Foreign Asset Control ("OFAC") of the Department of the Treasury (including, but limited to, those names on OFAC's Specially Designated and Blocked Persons List) or under any statute. Executive order (including, but not limited to, the September 24, 2001, Executive Order Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism), or other governmental action and is not and shall not engage in any dealings or transaction or be otherwise associated with such persons or entities. Resident hereby understands that Landlord (or an agency on Landlord's behalf) may verify the foregoing representation and warranty.

Resident Signature	Authorized Agent	
Resident Signature		
Resident Signature		
Resident Signature		

Per Section 5-12-101 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, the City of Chicago requires that all residential landlords deliver to new and renewing tenants this seven-page informational brochure on bed bug prevention and treatment.

Received this ___ day of _______, 20________, Tenant(s)









Bed bugs can be found in homes, apartments, hotels, schools, dormitories, shelters, offices and other places. This brochure provides information on bed bugs and what you should do if you have or suspect you have a bed bug infestation in your apartment. It also describes your rights and responsibilities as a tenant.

Why is this brochure being provided to me?

In 2013, the City of Chicago passed an ordinance to help address the growing problem of bed bugs. This ordinance provides that landlords and tenants share the responsibility in preventing and controlling bed bug infestations. Further, the ordinance requires that landlords provide an informational brochure on bed bugs to tenants. This informational brochure, developed by the Chicago Department of Public Health, is intended to meet this requirement.



What are bed bugs?

Bed bugs are small, flat, wingless insects. They feed on blood and can be a nuisance for individuals. They are named for their tendency to live on mattresses or other parts of a bed.

*Adult bed bug-actual size.

What do bed bugs look like?

Adult bed bugs are roughly the size, shape and color of an apple seed: 1/4 of an inch in length and light or reddish-brown in color. Immature forms of bed bugs are smaller and lighter in color. Eggs are tiny and white. You should be able to see the adult form with your naked eye, but may need a magnifying glass to see the immature forms or eggs. Please refer to the website listed at the end of this brochure for pictures of bed bugs.

Where do bed bugs live?

Bed bugs can be found anywhere people sleep, sit or lay down. They can be found on mattresses and box springs, especially near the piping, seams and tags, and in cracks and crevices of head boards and bed frames. They can also be found in other furniture, especially in the seams and zippers of chairs and couches, in the folds of curtains, in drawer joints, in electrical outlets, behind picture frames and in other tight spaces.

How can bed bugs get into an apartment?

Bed bugs can get into an apartment by hitching a ride on mattresses or other bedding, furniture, clothing and baggage. Once in an apartment, they can crawl from one room to another, or get into an adjacent apartment by crawling through small cracks or holes in walls or ceilings or under doors. Because bed bugs do not have wings, they cannot fly into or around your apartment.



What can I do to prevent bed bugs from getting into my apartment?

Bed bugs can be found most anywhere, so ALWAYS be aware of your surroundings. Always check furniture and bedding, especially those bought secondhand, for signs of bed bugs be-

fore you buy them. NEVER bring items that someone else has disposed of into your apartment, as these items may be infested with bed bugs. When returning home from travel within or from outside the U.S., ALWAYS inspect your luggage carefully for signs of bed bugs before you bring the luggage into your apartment.

What else can I do to prevent a bed bug infestation?

Reduce clutter, especially in bedrooms. Store unused items in sealed containers or plastic bags. Wash and dry bedding often. Check beds and furniture for signs of bed bugs. Purchase mattress and box spring covers.

Do bed bugs transmit disease?

No, bed bugs are not known to transmit disease.

Are there other health concerns related to bed bugs?

Yes. Their bites, like those of other insects, may cause an allergic reaction with swelling, redness and itching. Their presence may cause people to be anxious and lose sleep.

How do I know if I have a bed bug infestation in my apartment?

Though bites may be an indicator of a bed bug infestation, they are generally a poor one as not all people will react to bed bug bites or the bites may be due to other reasons. The best indication of an infestation is to look for physical signs of bed bugs such as live or dead bed bugs, eggs or eggshells or tiny dark spots or reddish stains on mattresses or other places where bed bugs live.

What should I do if I suspect there are bed bugs in my apartment?

Under this ordinance, tenants MUST call their landlord immediately then follow-up in writing. Tenants SHOULD NOT try to get rid of the bed bugs by applying chemicals, "bug bombs" or pesticides as these do not work and could make you, your family or neighbors sick. Once a tenant has notified the landlord, wait for additional instructions from the landlord and pest management professional. Prompt notification and treatment will help prevent the further spread of bed bugs.

Should I dispose of bedding, clothing or other materials that may be infested?

Disposing of these items is probably not necessary unless directed by a pest management professional. If there are items that do need to be disposed of, do so carefully by sealing them in plastic bags so as to not spread bed bugs further. The ordinance prohibits the recycling of any bed bug infested materials and requires that any bed bug infested materials be totally enclosed in a plastic bag and labeled as being infested with bed bugs when disposed.

What should I do with any linens or clothes that may be infested?

- Wash all linen and other infested materials (including clothing) in hot water, then after drying the clothes, keep them in the dryer and dry for an additional 20 minutes on the highest setting.
- Put un-washable or "dry clean only" materials in the dryer on the highest setting for at least 20 minutes.
- If you have to launder in a common area of the building or at a laundromat, make sure all items are enclosed in a bag before leaving your apartment to prevent the further spread of bed bugs.
- Once all these materials are laundered and dried, seal them in clean bags so bed bugs can't re-infest them.

What are my responsibilities as a tenant under this ordinance?

Tenants have two main responsibilities under this ordinance:

- Notify your landlord within 5 days of suspecting a bed bug infestation;
- Cooperate with the landlord by adhering to the following:



- Don't interfere with an inspection or with a treatment.
- Grant access to your apartment for an inspection or a treatment.
- Make the necessary preparations, as instructed by your landlord or a pest management professional, prior to an inspection or a treatment.
- Dispose of any items that a pest management professional has determined can not be treated or cleaned.
- Enclose in a plastic bag any personal property that will be moved through any common area of the building, or stored in any other location.

Are there any exemptions to these tenant responsibilities?

Yes. The ordinance exempts tenants who live in an assisted living or shared housing establishment, or similar living arrangement, where the establishment is required to provide the tenant assistance with activities of daily living or mandatory services. In such cases, the landlord is responsible for making the necessary preparations and removing or disposing of any personal property.

What penalties can a tenant face for not complying with these requirements?

The ordinance allows the city to issue fines to tenants for not complying with these requirements. Fines can go as high as \$2,000 for a third offense. Landlords can not fine tenants.

What are my rights as a tenant under this ordinance?

Landlords can't retaliate against a tenant if the tenant:

- Complains of a bed bug infestation to a governmental agency elected representative or public official charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, health or similar code.
- Complains of a bed bug infestation to a community organization or to the news-media.
- Seeks the assistance of a community organization or the news-media to remedy a bed bug infestation.
- Asks the landlord to provide pest control measures.
- Testifies in court concerning any bed bug infestation.

What are my landlord's responsibilities under this ordinance?

Landlords have three main responsibilities under this ordinance:

- Educate tenants about bed bugs by providing this brochure when tenants sign a new or renew an existing lease or other rental agreement;
- Notify tenants prior to any inspection or treatment of their apartment for bed bugs and provide instructions for preparing the apartment.
- Get rid of the beg bug infestation by providing pest control services by a pest management professional and paying for this service.

How much time does a landlord have to provide a pest management professional?

The ordinance allows landlords up to 10 days to have a pest management professional come to inspect your apartment.

Does the ordinance require any specific type of inspection or treatment?

If bed bugs are in an apartment, there is a chance they may be found in additional apartments in that same building, especially those closest to the apartment with the bed bugs. As a result, the apartments on either side and directly above and below the apartment with the bed bugs need to be inspected and if necessary, treated. Treatment will only occur if bed bugs are found.

Do these requirements apply to condominiums or cooperative building:

Yes, but only to units that are being rented.

What penalties can a landlord face for not complying with these requirements?

The ordinance allows the city to issue fines to landlords for not complying with these requirements. Fines can go as high as \$2,000 for a third offense.

What should I do if my landlord is not responsive?

If you suspect there are bed bugs in your apartment, call your landlord immediately and follow-up in writing. Give your landlord up to 10 days to have a pest management professional come to inspect your apartment. If your landlord is not responsive, call 311 and file a complaint.



Additional information, including a copy of the ordinance, can be found at:

www.cityofchicago.org/health

Follow us on Twitter & Facebook







Simple Steps To Protect Your Family From Lead Hazards

If you think your home has high levels of lead:

- Get your young children tested for lead, even If they seem healthy.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces
- Wipe soil off shoes before entering house.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling or renovating (call 1-800-424-LEAD for guidelines).
- Don't use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, scraper, or sandpaper on painted surfaces that may contain lead.
- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.



Printed with vegetable oil based inks on recycled paper (minimum 50% postconsumer) process chlorine free.



Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home







Consumer Product Safety Commissio



United States Department of Housing

Are You Planning To Buy, Rent, or Renovate a Home Built Before 1978?

any houses and apartments built before 1978 have paint that contains high levels of lead (called lead-based paint). Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards if not taken care of properly.



OWNERS, BUYERS, and RENTERS are encouraged to check for lead (see page 6) before renting, buying or renovating pre-1978 housing.

ederal law requires that individuals receive certain information before renting, buying, or renovating pre-1978 housing:



LANDLORDS have to disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a disclosure about lead-based paint.



SELLERS have to disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint nazards before selling a house. Sales contracts must include a disclosure about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.



RENOVATORS disturbing more than 2 square feet of painted surfaces have to give you this pamphlet before starting work.

IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil Can Be Dangerous If Not Managed Properly

- FACT: Lead exposure can harm young children and bables even before they are born.
- FACT: Even children who seem healthy can have high levels of lead in their bodies.
- FACT: People can get lead in their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing
- FACT: People have many options for reducing lead hazards. In most cases, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard.
- FACT: Removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.

If you think your home might have lead hazards, read this pamphlet to learn some simple steps to protect your family.

Lead Gets in the Body in Many Ways

Childhood poisoning remains a major environmental health problem in

the U.S.

Even children who appear healthy can have danger ous levels of lead in their bodies.

People can get lead in their body if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during renovations that disturb painted surfaces).
- Put their hands or other objects covered with lead dust in their mouths.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains

Lead is even more dangerous to children under the age of 6:

- At this age children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the dam-aging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them

Lead is also dangerous to women of childbearing age:

 Women with a high lead level in their system prior to pregnancy would expose a fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.





Lead's Effects

It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm

In children, lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage.
- Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence.
- Speech, language, and behavior problems.
- Poor muscle coordination.
- Decreased muscle and bone growth.
- Hearing damage.

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high levels of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, uncon-sciousness, and, in some cases, death

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults too.

In adults, lead can cause:

- Increased chance of Illness during pregnancy.
- Harm to a fetus, including brain damage or death.
- Fertility problems (in men and women).
- High blood pressure.
- Digestive problems.
- Nerve disorders.
- Memory and concentration problems.
- Muscle and joint pain.

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

the older your home, the more likely it has leadbased paint.

Many homes built before 1978 have leadbased paint. The federal government banned lead-based paint from housing in 1978. Some states stopped its use even earlier. Lead can be found:

- In homes in the city, country, or suburbs.
- In apartments, single-family homes, and both private and public housing,
- Inside and outside of the house
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up.) lead from exterior paint or other sources such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Checking Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think vour home has high levels of lead.

To reduce your child's exposure to lead, get your child checked, have your home tested (especially if your home has paint in poor condition and was built before 1978), and fix any hazards you may have. Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect high levels of lead. Blood tests are

- Children at ages 1 and 2.
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead.
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan. Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

Lead affects

the body in

Identifying Lead Hazards

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition, and it is not on an impact or friction surface, like a window. It is defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligam per square centimeter, or more than 0.5% by weight.

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking or damaged) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. It may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear-and-tear, such as:

- Windows and window stills.
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Dust also forms when painted surfaces bump or rub together. Lead chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can re-enter the air when people vacuum, sweep, or walk through it. The following two federal standards have been set for lead hazards in dust:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors.
- 250 μg/ft² and higher for interior window sills.

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. The following two federal standards have been set for lead hazards in residential soil:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil.
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard.

The only way to find out if paint, dust and soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes the most common methods used.

Just knowing You can get y

Checking Your Home for Lead

that a home has leadbased paint may not tell you if there is a hazard. You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A paint inspection tells you whether your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether or not your home currently has lead hazards.
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards.
- A combination risk assessment and inspection tells you if your home has any lead hazards and if your home has any lead-based paint, and where the lead-based paint is located.

Hire a trained and certified testing professional who will use a range of reliable methods when testing your home.

- Visual inspection of paint condition and location.
- A portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine.
- Lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples.

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency (see bottom of page 11) for more information, or call 1-800-424-LEAD (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.

Home test kits for lead are available, but may not always be accurate. Consumers should not rely on these kits before doing renovations or to assure safery.

6

What You Can Do Now To Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Clean up paint chips immediately.
- Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner or a cleaner made specifically for lead. REMEMBER: NEVER MIX AMMONIA AND BLEACH PRODUCTS TOGETHER SINCE THEY CAN FORM A DANGEROUS GAS.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads after cleaning dirty or dusty areas.
- Wash children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces.
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.



Lead from

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paint chips.

can see, and





Reducing Lead Hazards In The Home

Removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

Always use a professional who is trained to remove lead hazards safely.



In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good

- You can temporarily reduce lead hazards by taking actions such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover soil with high lead levels. These actions (called "interim controls") are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- ◆ To permanently remove lead hazards, you should hire a certified lead "abatement' contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent removal.

Always hire a person with special training for correcting lead problems—someone who knows how to do this work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly. Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

Once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be repeated until testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (μg/ft²) for floors, including carpeted floors;
- $igoplus 250~\mu g/ft^2$ for interior windows sills; and
- 400 μg/ft² for window troughs.

Call your state or local agency (see bottom of page 11) for help in locating certified professionals in your area and to see if financial assistance is available.

1

Remodeling or Renovating a Home With Lead-Based Paint

Take precautions before your contractor or you begin remodeling or renovating anything that disturbs painted surfaces (such as scraping off paint or tearing out walls):

- Have the area tested for lead-based paint.
- Do not use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, dry scraper, or dry sandpaper to remove lead-based paint. These actions create large amounts of lead dust and fumes. Lead dust can remain in your home long after the work is done.
- Temporarily move your family (especially children and pregnant women) out of the apartment or house until the work is done and the area is properly cleaned. If you can't move your family, at least completely seal off the work area.
- Follow other safety measures to reduce lead hazards. You can find out about other safety measures by calling 1-800-424-LEAD. Ask for the brochure "Reducing Lead Hazards When Remodeling Your Home." This brochure explains what to do before, during, and after renovations.

If you have already completed renovations or remodeling that could have released lead-based paint or dust, get your young children tested and follow the steps outlined on page 7 of this brochure.



If not conducted properly, certain types of renovations can release lead from paint and dust into the air.



Other Sources of Lead



While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist.

- Drinking water. Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might have lead in it:
 - · Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
 - · Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.
- The job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your hands or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Old painted toys and furniture.
- Food and liquids stored in lead crystal or lead-glazed pottery or porcelain.
- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Hobbies that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture.
- Folk remedies that contain lead, such as "greta" and "azarcon" used to treat an upset stomach.

10

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center

Call 1-800-424-LEAD (424-5323) to learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and for other information on lead hazards.

To access lead information via the web, visit www.epa.gov/lead and www.hud.gov/offices/lead/.



Call 1-800-426-4791 for information about lead in drinking water

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

To request information on lead in consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a prod-uct-related injury call 1-800-638-2772, or visit CPSC's Web site at: www.cpsc.gov.

Health and Environmental Agencies

Some cities, states, and tribes have their own rules for lead-based paint activities. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your local contacts on the Internet at www.epa.gov/lead or contact the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD.

For the hearing impaired, call the Federal Information Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 to access any of the phone numbers in this brochure.

EPA Regional Offices

Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

EPA Regional Offices

Region i (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact LLS. EPA Region I Sulte I 100 (CPT) One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114-2023 I (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands) Regional Lead Contact

ILS. EPA Region 2 2890 Wbodfridge Avenue Building 209, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Penrsylvania, Virginia, Washington DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact (LS. EPA Region 3 (3WC33) 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-5000

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Ternessee)

Regional Lead Contact LLS. EPA Region 4 61 Rossyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illnois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact (LS. EPA Region 5 (DT-8)) 77 West Jackson Boulevar Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 886-6003 Region 6 (Arkansas, Louislana, New Mexico, Oldahoma, Texas)

Regional Lead Contact (LS. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX. 75202-2733 (214) 665-7577

Region 7 (Iowa, Karsas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact LLS, EPA Region 7 (ARTD-RALI) 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101 (913) 551-7020

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyomin Regional Lead Contract U.S. EPA Region 8 999 18th Street, Suite 500 Denver, CO 80202-2466 (303) 312-6021

Region 9 (Artzona, California, Hawali, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact LLS. Region 9 75 Hawthome Street San Rancisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4164

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon

shington)
Regional Lead Contact
LLS. EPA Region 10
Toilcs Section WCM-128
1200 Sbtth Avenue
Seattle, WA 98101-1128
(206) 553-1985

11

CPSC Regional Offices

Your Regional CPSC Office can provide further information regard-Ing regulations and consumer product safety.

Central Regional Center Consumer Product Safety Commission 230 South Dearborn Street, Room 2944 Chicago, IL 60604 (312) 353-8260

HUD Lead Office

Please contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for information on lead regulations, outreach efforts, and lead hazard control and research grant programs.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control 45 | Severth Street, SW, P. 3206 Washington, DC 20410 (202) 755-1785

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U.S. EPA Washington DC 20460

U.S. CPSC Washington DC 20207 U.S. HUD Washington DC 20410

EPA747-K-99-001

June 2003



Oso Apartments

Chicago, IL

Smoke-Free Living Environment Acknowledgment Form

Applicant agrees and acknowledges that the premises being applied for has been designated a smoke-free living environment. Applicant and members of applicant's household may not smoke anywhere in the unit to be rent by applicant, or in the common areas of the building where dwelling units are located including but not limited to the lobby, reception areas, vestibule, hallways, elevators, stairwells, community rooms, bathrooms, laundry rooms, and offices. Additionally, no smoking is permitted within 15 feet of the building's entry ways, porches and patios. This policy applies to all residents, guests, visitors, service personnel and employees.

TENANT CERTIFICATION

I have read and understand the above Smoke-Free Policy and I agree to comply fully with the provisions of the policy. I understand that failure to comply will constitute grounds for termination of my lease.

	(SEAL)		
Tenant		Date	
	(SEAL) _		
Co-Tenant		Date	



Consent for Utility Account Information

l,	
(Tenant's Name)	(Tenant's Address)
representatives (collectively referred to regarding any utility account with any authorize the Owner Agent to make paractices and policies, and acknowledge administration and management of elimentation of elimentation or liability I may have to a Colligation or liability I may have to a Colligation.	vner Agent, and it's authorized officers, employees, agents and as the "Owner Agent Representatives") to obtain and confirm information overed Utility serving the Resident at the address provided above. I also yments directly to a Covered Utility on my behalf, in accordance with its e that such payments are in furtherance of the Owner Agent's ible Utility Reimbursements. I understand and acknowledge that my nefits for Utility Reimbursements shall not relieve me of any personal vered Utility, except to the specific and limited extent that any validly ent may reduce my liability for services rendered by the Covered Utility.
I represent that the account information	n set forth in this form is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge, be used by the Owner Agent for the purposes of administering utility
I further understand and consent that	he Owner Agent shall be entitled to receive notice of delinquency, default, Covered Utility maintained in the regular course of business by the
_	stomer or responsible party of record, I affirmatively agree to update this manner, and to disclose the relevant account information for any services
RESIDENT NAME:	
RESIDENT SIGNATURE:	
DATE:	

MODEL LEASE FOR SUBSIDIZED PROGRAMS Model Lease is for Chicago Housing Authority (CHA) RAD Units Only

l.	Parties and Dwelling Unit:
	The parties to this Agreement are Oso Apartments LP, referred to as the Landlord, and, referred to as the Tenant. The Landlord leases to the Tenant(s) unit number, located at 3441 Montrose Avenue in the project known as Oso Apartments.
2.	Length of Time(Term):
	The initial term of this Agreement shall begin on and end on After the initial term ends, the Agreement will continue for successive terms of one each unless automatically terminated as permitted by paragraph 23 of this Agreement.
3.	Rent:
	The Tenant agrees to pay \$ for the partial month ending on After that, Tenant agrees to pay a rent of \$ per month. This amount is due on the day of the month at The Tenant
	understands that this monthly rent is less than the market (unsubsidized) rent due on this unit. This lower rent is available either because the mortgage on this project is subsidized by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (CHA) and/or because CHA makes monthly payments to the Landlord on behalf of the Tenant. The amount, if any, that CHA makes available monthly on behalf of the Tenant is called the tenant assistance payment and is shown on the "Assistance Payment" line of the Owner's Certification of Compliance with CHA's Tenant Eligibility and Rent Procedures form which is Attachment No. 1 to this Agreement.
4.	Changes in the Tenant's Share of the Rent:
	The Tenant agrees that the amount of rent the Tenant pays and/or the amount of assistance that CHA pays on behalf of the Tenant may be changed during the term of this Agreement if:
	a. CHA or the Contract Administrator (such as a Public Housing Agency) determines, in accordance with CHA procedures, that an increase in rents is needed;
	b. CHA or the Contract Administrator changes any allowance for utilities or services considered in computing the Tenant's share of the rent;
	c. the income, the number of persons in the Tenant's household or other factors considered in calculating the Tenant's rent change and CHA procedures provide that the Tenant's rent or assistance payment be adjusted to reflect the change;
	d. changes in the Tenant's rent or assistance payment are required by CHA's recertification or subsidy termination procedures
	e. CHA's procedures for computing the Tenant's assistance payment or rent change; or
	f. the Tenant fails to provide information on his/her income, family composition or other factors as required by the Landlord.

The Landlord agrees to implement changes in the Tenant's rent or tenant assistance payment only in accordance with the time frames and administrative procedures set forth in CHA's handbooks, instructions and regulations related to administration of multifamily subsidy programs. The Landlord agrees to give the Tenant at least 30 days advance written notice of any increase in the Tenant's rent except as noted in paragraphs 11, 15 or 17. The Notice will state the new amount the Tenant is required to pay, the date the new amount is effective, and the reasons for the change in rent. The Notice will also advise the Tenant that he/she may meet with the Landlord to discuss the rent change.

5. Charges for Late Payments and Returned Checks:

If the Tenant does not pay the full amount of rent shown in paragraph 3 by the end of the 5th day of the month, the Landlord may collect a fee of \$5 on the 6th day of the month. Thereafter, the Landlord may collect \$1 for each additional day the rent remains unpaid during the month it is due with a maximum late fee of \$10 for rents under \$500 per month plus five percent (5%) per month on the part of the rent that exceeds \$500.

The Landlord may not terminate this Agreement for failure to pay late charges, but may terminate this Agreement for non-payment of rent, as explained in paragraph 23. The Landlord may collect a fee of \$_____ on the second or any additional time a check is not honored for payment (bounces). The charges discussed in this paragraph are in addition to the regular monthly rent payable by the Tenant.

6. Condition of Dwelling Unit:

(1)

By signing this Agreement, the Tenant acknowledges that the unit is safe, clean and in good condition. The Tenant agrees that all Appliances and equipment in the unit are in good working order, except as described on the Unit Inspection Report which is Attachment No. 2 to this Agreement. The Tenant also agrees that the Landlord has made no promises to decorate, alter, repair or improve the unit, except as listed on the Unit Inspection Report.

7. Charges for Utilities and Services:

The following charts describe how the cost of utilities and services related to occupancy of the unit will be paid. The Tenant agrees that these charts accurately describe the utilities and services paid by the Landlord and those paid by the Tenant.

a. The Tenant must pay for the utilities in column (1). Payments should be made directly to the appropriate utility company. The items in column (2) are included in the Tenant's rent.

(2)

Put "x" by any Utility Tenant pays directly	Type of Utility	Put "x" by any Utility Included in Tenant Rent
	Heat	
	Lights, Electric	
	Cooking	
	Water	
	Other (Specify)	

	b. The Tenant agrees to pay the Landlord the amount shown in column (3) on the date the rent is due. The Landlord certifies that CHA had authorized him/her to collect the type of charges shown in column (3) and that the amounts shown in column (3) do not exceed the amounts authorized by CHA.
	(3)
	Show \$ Amount Tenant Pays to Landlord in Addition to Rent
	Parking \$ Other (Specify.) \$ \$
8.	Security Deposits:
	The Tenant has deposited \$ with the Landlord. The Landlord will hold this security deposit for the period the Tenant occupies the unit. After the Tenant has moved from the unit, the Landlord will determine whether the Tenant is eligible for a refund of any or all of the security deposit. The amount of the refund will be determined in accordance with the following conditions and procedures.
	a. The Tenant will be eligible for a refund of the security deposit only if the Tenant provided the Landlord with the 30-day written notice of intent to move required by paragraph 23, unless the Tenant was unable to give the notice for reasons beyond his/her control.
	b. After the Tenant has moved from the unit, the Landlord will inspect the unit and complete another Unit Inspection Report. The Landlord will permit the Tenant to participate in the inspection, if the Tenant so requests.
	c. The Landlord will refund to the Tenant the amount of the security deposit plus interest computed at, less any amount needed to pay the cost of:
	(1) unpaid rent;
	(2) damages that are not due to normal wear and tear and are not listed on the Unit Inspection Report;
	(3) charges for late payment of rent and returned checks, as described in paragraph 5; and
	(4) charges for unreturned keys, as described in paragraph 9.
	d. The Landlord agrees to refund the amount computed in paragraph 8c within days after the Tenant has permanently moved out of the unit, returned possession of the unit to the Landlord, and given his/her new address to the Landlord. The Landlord will also give the Tenant a written list of charges that were subtracted from the deposit. If the Tenant disagrees with the Landlord concerning the amounts deducted and asks to meet with the Landlord, the Landlord agrees to meet with the Tenant and informally discuss the disputed charges.

- e. If the unit is rented by more than one person, the Tenants agree that they will work out the details of dividing any refund among themselves. The Landlord may pay the refund to any Tenant identified in Paragraph 1 of this Agreement.
- f. The Tenant understands that the Landlord will not count the Security Deposit towards the last month's rent or towards repair charges owed by the Tenant in accordance with paragraph 11.

9. Keys and Locks:

The Tenant agrees not to install additional or different locks or gates on any doors or windows of the unit without the written permission of the Landlord. If the Landlord approves the Tenant's request to install such locks, the Tenant agrees to provide the Landlord with a key for each lock. When this Agreement ends, the Tenant agrees to return all keys to the dwelling unit to the Landlord. The Landlord may charge the Tenant \$ _____ for each key not returned.

10. Maintenance:

- a. The Landlord agrees to:
 - (1) regularly clean all common areas of the project;
 - (2) maintain the common areas and facilities in a safe condition;
 - (3) arrange for collection and removal of trash and garbage;
 - (4) maintain all equipment and appliances in safe and working order;
 - (5) make necessary repairs with reasonable promptness;
 - (6) maintain exterior lighting in good working order:
 - (7) provide extermination services, as necessary; and
 - (8) maintain grounds and shrubs.
 - b. The Tenant agrees to:
 - (1) keep the unit clean;
 - (2) use all appliances, fixtures and equipment in a safe manner and only for the purposes for which they are intended;
 - (3) not litter the grounds or common areas of the project;
 - (4) not destroy, deface, damage or remove any part of the unit, common areas, or project grounds;
 - (5) give the Landlord prompt notice of any defects in the plumbing, fixtures, appliances, heating and cooling equipment or any other part of the unit or related facilities; and
 - (6) remove garbage and other waste from the unit in a clean and safe manner.

11. Damages:

Whenever damage is caused by carelessness, misuse, or neglect on the part of the Tenant, his/her family or visitors, the Tenant agrees to pay:

a. the cost of all repairs and do so within 30 days after receipt of the Landlord's demand for the repair charges; and CHACHA

12. Restrictions on Alterations:

No alteration, addition, or improvements shall be made in or to the premises without the prior consent of the Landlord in writing. The Landlord agrees to provide reasonable accommodation to an otherwise eligible tenant's disability, including making changes to rules, policies, or procedures, and making and paying for structural alterations to a unit or common areas. The Landlord is not required to provide accommodations that constitute a fundamental alteration to the Landlord's program or which would pose a substantial financial and administrative hardship. See the regulations at 24 CFR Part 8. In addition, if a requested structural modification does pose a substantial financial and administrative hardship, the Landlord must then allow the tenant to make and pay for the modification in accordance with the Fair Housing Act.

13. General Restrictions:

The Tenant must live in the unit and the unit must be the Tenant's only place of residence. The Tenant shall use the premises only as a private dwelling for himself/herself and the individuals listed on the Owner's Certification of Compliance with CHA's Tenant Eligibility and Rent Procedures, Attachment 1. The Tenant agrees to permit other individuals to reside in the unit only after obtaining the prior written approval of the Landlord. The Tenant agrees not to:

- a. sublet or assign the unit, or any part of the unit;
- b. use the unit for unlawful purposes;
- c. engage in or permit unlawful activities in the unit, in the common areas or on the project grounds;
- d. have pets or animals of any kind in the unit without the prior written permission of the Landlord, but the landlord will allow the tenant to keep an animal needed as a reasonable accommodation to the tenant's disability, and will allow animals to accompany visitors with disabilities who need such animals as an accommodation to their disabilities; or
- e. make or permit noises or acts that will disturb the rights or comfort of neighbors. The Tenant agrees to keep the volume of any radio, phonograph, television or musical instrument at a level which will not disturb the neighbors.

14. Rules:

The Tenant agrees to obey the House Rules which are Attachment No. 3 to this Agreement. The tenant agrees to obey additional rules established after the effective date of this Agreement if:

- a. the rules are reasonably related to the safety, care and cleanliness of the building and the safety, comfort and convenience of the Tenants; and
- b. the Tenant receives written notice of the proposed rule at least 30 days before the rule is enforced.
- 15. Regularly Scheduled Recertifications:

Every year around the	day of	, the	Landlord will	request the	
Tenant to report the incom	e and composition	of the Tena	nt's household	and to sup	ply
any other information requ	ired by CHA for th	ne purposes	of determining	the Tenant	' S
rent and assistance paymen	t, if any. The Te	enant agrees	to provide ac	curate	
statements of this informa	tion and to do so	by the date	specified in	the Landlor	d's
request. The landlord wil	l verify the info	rmation supp	olied by the Te	nant and use	e
the verified to recompute	the amount of the	Tenant's re	ent and assista	nce payment	, if
any.					
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- a. The Tenant may request to meet with the Landlord to discuss any change in rent or assistance payment resulting from the recertification processing. If the Tenant requests such a meeting, the Landlord agrees to meet with the Tenant and discuss how the Tenant's rent and assistance payment, if any, were computed.
- 16. Reporting Changes Between Regularly Scheduled Recertifications:
 - a. If any of the following changes occur, the Tenant agrees to advise the Landlord immediately.
 - (1) Any household member moves out of the unit.
 - (2) An adult member of the household who was reported as unemployed on the most recent certification or recertification obtains employment.
 - (3) The household's income cumulatively increases by \$200 or more a month.
 - b. The Tenant may report any decrease in income or any change in other factors considered in calculating the Tenant's rent. Unless the Landlord has confirmation that the decrease in income or change in other factors will last less than one month, the Landlord will verify the information and make the appropriate rent reduction.

However, if the Tenant's income will be partially or fully restored within two months, the Landlord may delay the certification process until the new income is known, but the rent reduction will be retroactive and the Landlord may not evict the Tenant for nonpayment of rent due during the period of the reported decrease and the completion of the certification process. The Tenant has thirty days after receiving written notice of any rent due for the above described time period to pay or the Landlord can evict for nonpayment of rent. (Revised 3/22/89)

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c. The Tenant may request to meet with the Landlord to discuss how any change in income or other factors affected his/her rent or assistance payment, if any. If the Tenant requests such a meeting, the Landlord agrees to meet with the Tenant and explain how the Tenant's rent or assistance payment, if any, was computed.

17. Removal of Subsidy:

- a. The Tenant understands that assistance made available on his/her behalf may be terminated if events in either items 1 or 2 below occur. Termination of assistance means that the Landlord may make the assistance available to another Tenant and the Tenant's rent will be recomputed. In addition, if the Tenant's assistance is terminated because of criterion (1) below, the Tenant will be required to pay the CHA-approved market rent for the unit.
 - (1) The Tenant does not provide the Landlord with the information or reports required by paragraph 15 or 16 within 10 calendar days after receipt of the Landlord's notice of intent to terminate the Tenant's assistance payment.
 - (2) The amount the Tenant would be required to pay towards rent and utilities under CHA rules and regulations equals the Family Gross Rent shown on Attachment 1.
- b. The Landlord agrees to give the Tenant written notice of the proposed termination. The notice will advise the Tenant that, during the ten calendar days following the date of the notice, he/she may request to meet with the Landlord to discuss the proposed termination of assistance. If the Tenant requests a discussion of the proposed termination, the Landlord agrees to meet with the Tenant.
- c. Termination of assistance shall not affect the Tenant's other rights under this Agreement, including the right to occupy the unit. Assistance may subsequently be reinstated if the Tenant submits the income or other data required by CHA procedures, the Landlord determines the Tenant is eligible for assistance, and assistance is available.

18. Tenant Obligation To Repay:

If the tenant submits false information on any application, certification or request for interim adjustment or does not report interim changes in family income or other factors as required by paragraph 16 of this Agreement, and as a result, is charged a rent less than the amount required by CHA's rent formulas, the Tenant agrees to reimburse the Landlord for the difference between the rent he/she should have paid and the rent he/she was charged. The Tenant is not required to reimburse the Landlord for undercharges caused solely by the Landlord's failure to follow CHA's procedures for computing rent or assistance payments.

19. Size of Dwelling:

The Tenant understands that CHA requires the Landlord to assign units in accordance with the Landlord's written occupancy standards. These standards include consideration of unit size, relationship of family members, age and sex of family members and family preference. If the Tenant is or becomes eligible for a different size unit, and the required size unit becomes available, the Tenant agrees to:

- a. move within 30 days after the Landlord notifies him/her that unit of the required size is available within the project; or
- b. remain in the same unit and pay the CHA-approved market rent.

20. Access by Landlord:

- a. The Landlord agrees to enter the unit only during reasonable hours, to provide reasonable advance notice of his/her intent to enter the unit, and to enter the unit only after receiving the Tenant's consent to do so, except when urgency situations make such notices impossible or except under paragraph (c) below.
- b. The Tenant consents in advance to the following entries into the unit:
 - (i) The tenant agrees to permit the Landlord, his/her agents or other persons, when authorized by the Landlord, to enter the unit for the purpose of making reasonable repairs and periodic inspections.
 - (ii) After the Tenant has given a notice of intent to move, the Tenant agrees to permit the Landlord to show the unit to prospective tenants during reasonable hours.
- c. If the Tenant moves before this Agreement ends, the Landlord may enter the unit to decorate, remodel, alter or otherwise prepare the unit for re-occupancy.

21. Discrimination Prohibited:

The Landlord agrees not to discriminate based upon race, color, religion, creed, National origin, sex, age, familial status, and disability.

22. Change in Rental Agreement:

The Landlord may, with the prior approval of CHA, change the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Any changes will become effective only at the end of the initial term or a successive term. The Landlord must notify the Tenant of any change and must offer the Tenant a new Agreement or an amendment to the existing Agreement. The Tenant must receive the notice at least 60 days before the proposed effective date of the change. The Tenant may accept the changed terms and conditions by signing the new Agreement or the amendment to the existing Agreement and returning it to the Landlord. The Tenant may reject the changed terms and conditions by giving the Landlord written notice that he/she intends to terminate the tenancy. The Tenant must give such notice at least 30 days before the proposed change will go into effect. If the Tenant does not accept the amended agreement, the Landlord may require the Tenant to move from the project, as provided in paragraph 23.

23. Termination of Tenancy:

- a. To terminate this Agreement, the Tenant must give the Landlord 30-days written notice before moving from the unit.
- b. Any termination of this Agreement by the Landlord must be carried out in accordance with CHA regulations, State and local law, and the terms of this Agreement.
- c. The Landlord may terminate this Agreement for the following reasons:
 - 1. the Tenant's material noncompliance with the terms of this Agreement;
 - 2. the Tenant's material failure to carry out obligations under any State Landlord and Tenant Act;
 - 3. drug related criminal activity engaged in on or near the premises, by any tenant, household member, or guest, and any such activity engaged

in on the premises by any other person under the tenant's control;

- 4. determination made by the Landlord that a household member is illegally using a drug;
- 5. determination made by the Landlord that a pattern of illegal use of a drug interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
- 6. criminal activity by a tenant, any member of the tenant's household, a guest or another person under the tenant's control:
 - (a) that threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises); or
 - (b) that threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
- 7. if the tenant is fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor;
- 8. if the tenant is violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law;
- 9. determination made by the Landlord that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
- 10. if the Landlord determines that the tenant, any member of the tenant's household, a guest or another person under the tenant's control has engaged in the criminal activity, regardless of whether the tenant, any member of the tenant's household, a guest or another person under the tenant's control has been arrested or convicted for such activity.
- d. The Landlord may terminate this Agreement for other good cause, which includes, but is not limited to, the tenant's refusal to accept change to this agreement. Terminations for "other good cause" may only be effective as of the end of any initial or successive term.

The term material noncompliance with the lease includes:

- (1) one or more substantial violations of the lease;
- (2) repeated minor violations of the lease that (a) disrupt the livability of the project; (b) adversely affect the health or safety of any person or the right of any tenant to the quiet enjoyment to the leased premises and related project facilities, (c) interfere with the management of the project, or (d) have an adverse financial effect on the project
- (3) failure of the tenant to timely supply all required information on the income and composition, or eligibility factors, of the tenant household (including, but not limited to, failure to meet the disclosure and verification requirements for Social Security Numbers, or failure to sign

and submit consent forms for the obtaining of wage and claim information from State Wage Information Collection Agencies), and

- (4) Non-payment of rent or any other financial obligation due under the lease beyond any grace period permitted under State law. The payment of rent or any other financial obligation due under the lease after the due date but within the grace period permitted under State law constitutes a minor violation.
- e. If the Landlord proposes to terminate this Agreement, the Landlord agrees to give the Tenant written notice and the grounds for the proposed termination. If the Landlord is terminating this agreement for "other good cause," the termination notice must be mailed to the Tenant and hand-delivered to the dwelling unit in the manner required by CHA at least 30 days before the date the Tenant will be required to move from the unit and in accordance with State law requirements. Notices of proposed termination for other reasons must be given in accordance with any time frames set forth in State and local law. Any CHA-required notice period may run concurrently with any notice period required by State or local law. All termination notices must:
 - specify the date this Agreement will be terminated;
 - state the grounds for termination with enough detail for the Tenant to prepare a defense;
 - advise the Tenant that he/she has 10 days within which to discuss the proposed termination of tenancy with the Landlord. The 10-day period will begin on the earlier of the date the notice was hand-delivered to the unit or the day after the date the notice is mailed. If the Tenant requests the meeting, the Landlord agrees to discuss the proposed termination with the Tenant; and
 - advise the Tenant of his/her right to defend the action in court.
- f. If an eviction is initiated, the Landlord agrees to rely only upon those grounds cited in the termination notice required by paragraph e.

24. Hazards:

The Tenant shall not undertake, or permit his/her family or guests to undertake, any hazardous acts or do anything that will increase the project's insurance premiums. Such action constitutes a material non-compliance. If the unit is damaged by fire, wind, or rain to the extent that the unit cannot be lived in and the damage is not caused or made worse by the Tenant, the Tenant will be responsible for rent only up to the date of the destruction. Additional rent will not accrue until the unit has been repaired to a livable condition.

25. Penalties for Submitting False Information:

Knowingly giving the Landlord false information regarding income or other factors considered in determining Tenant's eligibility and rent is a material noncompliance with the lease subject to termination of tenancy. In addition, the Tenant could become subject to penalties available under Federal law. Those penalties include fines up to \$10,000 and imprisonment for up to five years.

26. Contents of this Agreement:

This Agreement and its Attachments make up the entire agreement between the Landlord

and the Tenant regarding the unit. If any Court declares a particular provision of this Agreement to be invalid or illegal, all other terms of this Agreement will remain in effect and both the Landlord and the Tenant will continue to be bound by them.

27. Attachments to the Agreement:

The Tenant certifies that he/she has received a copy of this Agreement and the following Attachments to this Agreement and understands that these Attachments are part of this Agreement.

- a. Attachment No. 1 Owner's Certification of Compliance with CHA's Tenant Eligibility and Rent Procedures, form CHA-50059
- b. Attachment No. 2 Unit Inspection Report.
- c. Attachment No. 3 House Rules (if any).
- 28. Tenants' rights to organize:

Landlord agrees to allow tenant and tenant organizers to conduct on the property the activities related to the establishment or operation of a tenant organization set out in accordance with CHA requirements.

29. Tenant Income Verification:

The Tenant must promptly provide the Landlord with any letter or other notice by CHA to a member of the family that provides information concerning the amount or verification of family income in accordance with CHA requirements.

30. The lease agreement will terminate automatically, if the Section 8 Housing Assistance contract terminates for any reason.

. Signatures:	
TENANT BY:	
1.	//
	Date Signed
2	/
	Date Signed
3	/
	Date Signed
LANDLORD BY:	
1	//
	Date Signed

Public reporting burden - CHA is not requesting approval of any burden hours for the model leases since use of leases are a standard business practice in the housing rental industry. This information is required to obtain benefits. The request and required supporting documentation are sent to CHA or the Contract Administrator (CA) for approval. The lease is a contract between the owner of the project and the tenant(s) that explains the terms for residing in the unit. Leases are a standard business practice in the housing rental industry. Owners are required to use the CHA model lease which includes terms normally covered by leases used in the housing rental industry plus terms required by CHA for the program under which the project was built and/or the program providing rental assistance to the tenants.

This information is authorized by 24 CFR 5.360, 236.750, 880.606, 883.701, 884.215, 886.127, 891.425, 891.625 and 891.765 cover lease requirements and provisions. This information is considered non-sensitive and does not require any special protection.

PBV LEASE RIDER —ATTACHMENT Oso Apartments

The following are deemed a part of the lease.

- a. Termination Notification. CHA is incorporating additional termination notification requirements to comply with section 6 of the Act for public housing projects that convert assistance under RAD. In addition to the regulations at 24 CFR §983.257, related to owner termination of tenancy and eviction, as modified by the waiver in Section 1.6(C)(3) above, the termination procedure for RAD conversions to PBV will require that PHAs provide adequate written notice of termination of the lease which shall not be less than:
 - i. A reasonable period of time but not to exceed 30 days:
 - If the health or safety of other tenants, PHA employees, or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises is threatened; or
 - In the event of any drug-related or violent criminal activity or any felony conviction;
 - ii. 14 days in the case of nonpayment of rent and; and
 - iii. 30 days in any other case, except that if a State or local law provides for a shorter period of time, such shorter period shall apply.
- b. Grievance Process. CHA is incorporating additional procedural rights to comply with the requirements of section 6 of the Act.

For issues related to tenancy and termination of assistance, PBV program rules require the PHA to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing, as outlined in 24 CFR §982.555. RAD will waive 24 CFR §982.555(b) in part, which outlines when informal hearings are not required, and require that:

- i. In addition to reasons that require an opportunity for an informal hearing given in 24 CFR §982.555(a)(1)(i)-(vi), an opportunity for an informal hearing must be given to residents for any dispute that a resident may have with respect to a PHA (as owner) action in accordance with the individual's lease or the contract administrator in accordance with RAD PBV requirements that adversely affect the resident's rights, obligations, welfare, or status.
 - For any hearing required under 24 CFR § 982.555(a)(1)(i)-(vi), the contract administrator will perform the hearing, as is the current standard in the program.
 - For any additional hearing required under RAD, the PHA (as owner) will perform the hearing.
- ii. An informal hearing will not be required for class grievances or to disputes between residents not involving the PHA (as owner) or contract administrator.

This hearing requirement shall not apply to and is not intended as a forum for initiating or negotiating policy changes between a group or groups of residents and the PHA (as owner) or contract administrator.

iii. The owner give residents notice of their ability to request an informal hearing as outlined in CFR §982.555 (c)(1) for informal

hearings that will address circumstances that fall outside of the scope of 24 CFR $\S982.555(a)(1)(i)-(vi)$.

iv. The owner provide opportunity for an informal hearing before an eviction

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