In consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein stated, Landlord(s) hereby leases to Tenant(s) and Tenant(s) hereby leases from Landlord(s) for use as a private dwelling only, the Premises, together with the fixtures and appliances in the premises, for the above Term of Lease, subject to all the provisions of this Lease.

The following are incorporated into the Lease when indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Yes)</th>
<th>(No)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Security deposit is being held by Landlord (if any)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois Financial Institution (Name and Address) where Security Deposit shall be or is held (if any)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Refundable Move-in Fee (if any)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pets Permitted (description of any pet permitted during lease):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking included in lease (space number(s)):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Storage Location (if any):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furnished? If yes, Furnished Rider Attached</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rent shall include the following (check those that apply):

- ☐ Water
- ☐ Electricity
- ☐ Gas
- ☐ Basic Cable
- ☐ Satellite
- ☐ Internet
- ☐ Lawn Care
- ☐ Snow Removal
- ☐ Other

Appliances owned and provided by Landlord (check those that apply):

- ☐ Refrigerator
- ☐ Microwave
- ☐ Oven/Range
- ☐ Dishwasher
- ☐ Washer
- ☐ Dryer
- ☐ Other

Landlord's Property Insurer:

- (Name, Address and Phone of Homeowner Insurance Company):

Tenant’s Property Insurer:

- (Name, Address and Phone of Renter Insurance Company):

Identification of Tenant(s):

- Name(s): 
- Telephone: 
- Email: 

Name(s) of persons authorized to occupy premises:

- 
- 
- 

Landlord(s) or Authorized Management Agent:

- Name(s): 
- Address: 
- Telephone: 
- Email: 

Person authorized to Act on Behalf Of Owner for the Purpose of Service of Process and Accepting Notices:

- Name: 
- Address: 
- Telephone: 

Additional Agreements and Covenants:

- Chicago Landlord Tenant Ordinances
- Attachment for Drug Free Housing
- Smoke Detector Acknowledgement
- Smoke Free Housing Acknowledgement
- Disclosure of Information on Lead Based Paint
- Mold Information and Prevention Rider
- OFAC Appendix
- Consent for Utility Account Information
- Bed Bug Prevention Rider
- Consent for Utility Account Information

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be executed, on the day first above written.

Tenant(s)

- Signature: 
- Signature: 

Landlord(s)

- Signature: 
- Signature: 

IMPORTANT: This is a Chicago Association of REALTORS® form lease and is not specifically tailored to the legal requirements of your particular situation. The applicable laws and regulations for residential leases frequently change and differ between municipalities. It is important that you consult with an attorney prior to using this lease.
Lead-Based Paint and Radon Disclosures (Separate Documents)

Lead-Based Paint Hazard Disclosure: ☐ Applicable ☐ Not Applicable
Disclosure of Radon Hazards: ☐ Applicable ☐ Not Applicable

 Tenant Acknowledgment

Landlord: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Landlord: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Tenant: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Tenant: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Tenant: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Heating Cost Disclosure

The cost of heating is the responsibility of the ___________ Tenant ___________ Landlord. The average monthly cost of utility service projected by the utility providing the primary source of heat (heating supply) based on energy consumption during the most recent annual period of continuous occupancy by one or more prior occupants, current or expected rates and normalized weather by the method approved by the Illinois Commerce Commission is $ ___________.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

Notice of Conditions Affecting Habitability

☐ None Known
☐ See Attached

I hereby acknowledge that Landlord has disclosed any code violations, code enforcement litigations and/or compliance board proceedings during the previous 12 months for the Premises and common areas and any notice of intent to terminate utility service, copies of which, if any, are attached to the lease.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

Tenant hereby acknowledges receipt of the following:

☒ Receipt of Heating Cost Disclosure
☒ City of Chicago Building Code Violations
☒ Preventing Bed Bug Infestations in Apartments Pamphlet
☒ Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home Pamphlet
☒ Radon Testing Guidelines Pamphlet
☒ City of Chicago Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance Summary
☒ Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance Rate of Interest on Security Deposits
☒ Security Deposit Receipt (if applicable)
☒ Condominium Association Rules & Regulations (if applicable)

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

LEASE COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS

1. Application. Tenant covenants that all representations made in the Application for this Lease are incorporated into this Lease and made a part of it. Tenant covenants that all information contained in the Application is true and that this information was given as an inducement for Landlord to enter into this Lease, and therefore constitutes a material covenant.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

2. Tenant Inspection Prior to Occupancy: Building Code Violations. Tenant has inspected the Premises and all common areas of the property to which Tenant has lawful access during the Lease Term, and is satisfied with their general condition and appearance. Tenant acknowledges that there have been no representations, promises or other undertakings by Landlord, or any agent of Landlord, made to induce Tenant to enter into this Lease, except those expressly made in writing, relative to the repairs, decorating, additions to, or removal of any portion of the Premises or of the property. Tenant further acknowledges that attached hereto are copies, if any, of notices received from the City of Chicago during the twelve months prior to the date hereof concerning code violations, and copies of notices from any utility provider regarding termination of utility services. For current building code violations, please refer to https://www.cityofchicago.org.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

3. Tenant Responsibility regarding Bed Bug Infestation. Tenant shall be responsible for all requirements and obligations set forth in the Municipal Code of Chicago deemed “Tenant responsibility” and shall be liable for any and all damages which may occur as a result of tenant’s failure to strictly abide by any requirement as set forth in the Municipal Code of Chicago concerning any duty, condition, or responsibility required of tenant with regard to reporting, treatment, or cooperation with landlord in regards to Bed Bug infestation.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________

4. The Rent. Tenant shall pay the Monthly Rent to Landlord or Landlord’s agent on the first day of each month as set forth herein.

5. Late Fee. The Monthly Rent shall be automatically increased $10, plus 5% of the amount by which the Monthly Rent exceeds $500, as additional rent, if received by Landlord after the 5th of the month for which it is due.

6. Returned Bank Items. If any check or other bank instrument tendered for payment of any tenant obligation hereunder is returned for insufficient funds, Tenant shall pay Landlord a $___ fee as additional rent. Landlord shall further have the right to demand that any such returned item be replaced by a cashier’s check or money order. If Tenant tenders more than two checks or bank drafts during the term of this Lease which are returned for insufficient funds, Landlord shall have the right to demand that all future obligations hereunder be paid by cashier’s check or money order.

7. Possession. Landlord shall deliver possession of the Premises to Tenant on the Beginning Date of the Lease. If Landlord is unable to deliver possession on Tenant’s possession date, this Lease shall remain in full force and effect except that the Monthly Rent shall be abated pro rata until possession is delivered. If Tenant elects to maintain an action for possession of the Premises or any portion thereof, Landlord shall have the right, but not the obligation, to use the Security Deposit in whole or part, as a setoff against any default, either in payment of rent or other breach, which results in any loss to Landlord. If Tenant has complied with all obligations under this Lease, Landlord shall, within 45 days after Tenant vacates the Premises, refund the Security Deposit. The Security Deposit shall be held in a Federally Insured interest bearing account in a bank, savings and loan association, or other financial institution located in the State of Illinois. Interest on the Security Deposit shall be paid at the rate set by the City Comptroller for security deposits held more than six months and may be paid to Tenant either directly or by credit in the form of a rent reduction. The Security Deposit shall not be allocated by Tenant toward payment of rent.

8. Security Deposit. (If applicable). If Landlord has accepted the Security Deposit to insure Tenants’ specific performance of each and every agreement, covenant, rule and obligation contained in this Lease, Landlord shall have the right, but not the obligation, to use the Security Deposit in whole or part, as a setoff against any default, either in payment of rent or other breach, which results in any loss to Landlord. If Tenant has complied with all obligations under this Lease, Landlord shall, within 45 days after Tenant vacates the Premises, refund the Security Deposit. The Security Deposit shall be held in a Federally Insured interest bearing account in a bank, savings and loan association, or other financial institution located in the State of Illinois. Interest on the Security Deposit shall be paid at the rate set by the City Comptroller for security deposits held more than six months and may be paid to Tenant either directly or by credit in the form of a rent reduction. The Security Deposit shall not be allocated by Tenant toward payment of rent.

9. Use of Premises. The Premises shall be occupied exclusively for residential purposes by Tenant and the other persons specifically listed in the Application and any children which may be born to or in the legal custody of Tenant during the Lease term. Unless agreed to in writing by the Landlord, no person not listed in the Application may occupy the Premises for more than a single week period, during any single year of the Lease term. Neither Tenant nor any person in legal occupancy of the Premises with the Tenant shall perform nor permit any practice which could cause damage to the reputation of the building or Landlord, be injurious thereto, illegal, immoral, or increase the rate of insurance on the property. At no time during the Term of this Lease shall more persons reside in the Premises than would be permitted by the applicable building and zoning codes for the City of Chicago. Further, at no time during the Term of this Lease shall Tenant enter into short-term subleases, rooms for rent, Air Bed & Breakfast agreements or leases. Such agreements will be considered a breach of Lease and cause for termination.

10. Tenant Maintenance Obligations. Tenant shall maintain the Premises in a clean, presentable and safe condition at all times and in accordance with all health, safety and building code regulations. At the termination of this Lease and upon surrender of the Premises, all fixtures, appliances and personal property of Landlord shall be in the same condition as they were on the Beginning Date, normal wear and tear excepted.

Tenant may at its sole option use all or part of the Security Deposit (if any) to repair and/or replace any damage to Landlord’s property caused either directly by Tenant or by Tenant’s negligence.

Tenant Acknowledgment ___________________________
11. Sublease. Tenant shall not sublease this Lease without the prior written consent of the Landlord, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. Landlord may require Tenant to enter a formal written sublease agreement. Any sublease of the Premises by Tenant shall not release Tenant from any of the full, specific performance and satisfaction of each and every agreement, covenant and obligation hereunder. Tenant shall be liable for any monetary and non-monetary breaches of this Lease cause by Tenant's subtenant.

12. Assignment. Tenant shall not assign this agreement without the prior written consent of Landlord.

13. No Alterations. Tenant shall not make or cause to be made any alteration or addition to the Premises, without the prior written consent of the Landlord, and shall under no circumstances install any additional lock or security device to the Premises or the property which could impair Landlord's access. Tenant shall not make or cause to be made any alteration or addition to the Premises, without the prior written consent of the Landlord, and shall under no circumstances install any additional lock or security device to the Premises or the property which could impair Landlord's access.

14. Right of Access by Landlord. Tenant shall permit reasonable access to Landlord, and any of Landlord’s invitees, agents, or contractors, in accordance with local statutes and ordinances, upon receiving 2 days’ notice by mail telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice. Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused to Landlord for failure to cooperate under this provision. Tenant shall not interfere with Landlord’s efforts to lease the Premises or sell the property, and Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused by breach of this provision.

15. Right of Access to Show Premises to Prospective Tenants and Purchasers. Landlord shall have the right to show the Premises to all prospective Tenants and purchasers, and any of Landlord’s other invitees, in accordance with local statutes and ordinances. Tenant shall permit “reasonable access to Landlord upon receiving 2 days’ notice by mail, telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice. Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused to Landlord for failure to cooperate under this provision. Tenant shall not interfere with Landlord’s efforts to lease the Premises or sell the property, and Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused by breach of this provision.

16. Holding Over. Tenant shall be liable for double the Monthly Rent in the event that Tenant retains possession of all or any part of the Premises after the Ending Date of this Lease. Landlord may at its sole option, upon written notice to Tenant, create a month to month tenancy between Landlord and Tenant under the same terms and conditions of this Lease. Additionally, if Tenant retains possession of all or any part of the Premises after the Ending Date of this Lease and pays less than double the Monthly Rent and Landlord accepts payment, this shall become a month to month tenancy, and not a year to year tenancy, between Landlord and Tenant under the same terms and conditions of this Lease.

17. Heat and Water. If heat is included in the Monthly Rent, Landlord will provide the supply of heat at no additional cost to the Tenant during the winter months, at a level prescribed by statute or local ordinance. Water in reasonable quantities, strictly for residential use, is included in the Monthly Rent.

18. Utilities. Tenant is responsible for the provision and direct payment to utility providers for the utilities NOT included in the rent as outlined on page one of the Lease. Tenant is required to establish accounts with the utility providers no later than the date the Premises are occupied by Tenant. Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused to Landlord for failure to cooperate under this provision. Tenant shall not interfere with Landlord’s efforts to lease the Premises or sell the property, and Tenant shall be liable for any damages caused by breach of this provision.

19. Damages and Negligence. Tenant shall be liable for any damage done to the premises as a result of Tenant’s direct action, negligence or failure to inform Landlord of necessary repairs. Tenant shall be liable for any damage done to the premises as a result of Tenant’s direct action, negligence or failure to inform Landlord of necessary repairs.

20. Abandonment. The Premises shall be deemed abandoned when the criteria set forth in the Chicago Residential Landlord/Tenant Ordinance have been met, and Landlord shall have the right to relet the Premises and dispose of Tenant’s possessions in the manner prescribed by law.

21. Notices. Any legal notice or demand may be served by tendering it to any person sixteen years old or older residing on or in possession of the Premises; or by certified mail addressed to the Tenant, return receipt requested; or by posting it upon the Premises door, if no authorized person under the Lease is in possession of the Premises. Further, except when a statute or ordinance requires notice to be sent by a particular means, Tenant agrees that all Tenant and building notices may be delivered by electronic communication (e-mail) to any e-mail address listed on page 1 for Tenant. This is including but not limited to, late rent notices, notices of eviction, fine notices, building maintenance updates, and lease renewal options. Tenant agrees to inform Landlord immediately in writing of any email address change.

22. Damage or Destruction. If the Premises or any part of the property is destroyed or damaged to an extent that makes the Premises uninhabitable, this Lease may be terminated in accordance with applicable statutes or ordinances. In such an event, Landlord does not undertake any covenant to repair or restore the Premises to a habitable condition.

23. Tenant’s Personal Property. Except as provided by applicable law, Landlord shall not be responsible for the loss of any of the Tenant’s personal property in the Premises or any part of the building. Tenant shall obtain insurance sufficient to cover all potential losses.

24. Landlord’s Title. Tenant shall commit no act which could in any way encumber Landlord’s title to the property of which the Premises forms a part. In the event that Tenant does create any encumbrance against the title, it shall be cured within five days after demand by Landlord. Any encumbrance created by Tenant shall constitute a material breach of this Lease. Tenant shall not be liable to Landlord for all costs, damages and legal fees incurred as a result of any breach of this provision, to the extent permitted by statute or local ordinance, or in the absence thereof, as incurred by Landlord.

25. Legal Expenses. Tenant shall be liable for all legal fees and costs incurred by Landlord as a result of Landlord’s efforts to enforce any provision of this Lease, to the extent permitted by court rules, statute or local ordinance or, in the absence thereof, as incurred by Landlord.

26. Litigation Escrow. In the event that Tenant withholds rent in excess of that allowed by statutes or local ordinance, and Landlord institutes a lawsuit in Forcible Entry and Detainer to regain possession of the Premises, or in contract to enforce any provision of this Lease, Tenant shall place such excess rent with the Clerk of Circuit Court, pending disposition of the lawsuit.

27. Surrender of Possession. Tenant shall surrender possession of the Premises and return the keys to the Landlord or Landlord’s agent, immediately upon expiration of this Lease, or upon termination due to Tenant’s breach. Surrender of possession shall also be deemed to have occurred if the Tenant returns the keys to the Landlord prior to the expiration of this Lease.

28. Subordination of Lease/Estoppel. This Lease is subordinate to all mortgages upon the property of which the Premises forms a part, either in place at the time of Lease execution, or which may be placed upon the property at any time during the term of this Lease. Tenant shall execute any estoppel letter required by any mortgage lender or purchaser of the property, relative to the affirmation of Tenant’s Lease status.

29. Eminent Domain. If all or part of the Premises or the property of which the Premises forms a part is condemned, expropriated or otherwise regulated by any governmental authority in a manner which would prevent lawful occupancy, this Lease shall be terminated.

30. Heirs and Assigns. All of the promises, covenants and agreements and conditions contained herein shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns of Landlord and Tenant.

31. Acceptance of Rent after Tenant Breach. Except where a breach is for non-payment of rent, Landlord may accept rent after a Tenant breach and the rent will be retained for use and occupancy of the Premises and shall not serve to extinguish Landlord’s rights or remedies relative to any lawsuit that may be filed or in progress at the time of the Tenant breach.

32. Time of the Essence. Time is of the essence for the payment of rent and the performance of each and every covenant, term, agreement and condition of this Lease and Tenant shall be held in strict compliance with same.

33. Severability. In the event that any provision, paragraph, rule or covenant contained in this Lease is deemed invalid or unenforceable, all remaining portions of this Lease shall survive and be construed in their entirety.

34. Landlord’s Remedies. All rights and remedies granted to Landlord hereunder shall be deemed distinct, separate and cumulative and the exercise of one or more thereof shall not waive, extinguish or preclude the exercise of any other right or remedy, unless same is specifically prohibited by court rules, statute or local ordinance. Tenant shall be required to comply strictly with all provisions, covenants and agreements hereunder, and no waiver shall be implied from Landlord’s failure to exercise any of its rights or remedies.

35. No Additional Energy Draining Devices. Tenant is prohibited from installing any appliance or device to draw electricity, gas, or any other form of energy from any part of the property other than the Premises. Tenant shall not install any devices which are not deemed ordinary household appliances or fixtures.

36. Storage. Tenant shall not be entitled to storage space outside the Premises, unless additional storage is specified on page one.

37. Joint and Several Liability. All persons executing this Lease shall be jointly and severally liable for the performance of each and every agreement, covenant and obligation hereunder.

38. Re-Keying of Locks upon Prior Tenant Vacating. Tenant shall have the right to change or re-key the lock(s) to the Premises, and shall upon request immediately provide Landlord a copy of the key to the new lock. In the event that Tenant fails to give Landlord the new key upon Landlords request, such failure shall be deemed an act by Tenant of Material Non-Compliance under the terms of this Lease.

Tenant Acknowledgment
39. **Criminal Activity by Tenant.** If Tenant(s) or occupant(s), visitors, or guests on one or more occasions, uses or permits the use of the leased premises for the commission of a felony or Class A misdemeanor under the laws of Illinois, Landlord shall have the right to void the lease and recover the leased premises.

40. **Rules and Regulations of Condominium/Homeowners Association.** If the premises is a condominium or part of a Homeowners Association, Tenant (and any person occupying the premises and any of Tenant’s guests, invitees, and/or assigns) shall comply at all times with any and all rules, regulations, bylaws, easements, declarations, covenants, restrictions, directions, and/or other provisions of the Condominium/Homeowners Association for the leased Premises. Tenant (and/or Tenant’s assigns) does not obtain any voting rights of Landlord with respect to any matters for which a vote is held by or on behalf of the Condominium/Homeowners Association.

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**RULES AND REGULATIONS**

1. Unless permitted on page one, no animals are permitted on the property and in the Premises without Landlord’s prior written consent, which consent is deemed a license revocable with 10 days written notice by Landlord.

2. Entry ways, passages, public halls and common areas may not be obstructed in any way, and may not be used for recreation, congregation or play, or in any manner that might endanger any occupant, invitee or licensee of the building.

3. All deliveries, except for small packages and mail, must be made through the rear or service entrance, or a special entrance designated for special deliveries.

4. Tenant shall not permit anything to be thrown out of the windows or from the balconies of the building.

5. No vehicle or bicycle is allowed in the Premises, building or any common area of the property, unless there is a specific area designated for same.

6. Incinerators and waste receptacles shall be used in accordance with posted signs, and all items placed there shall be neatly packaged and deposited. No explosive device or any parcel or item shall be deposited therein which could cause danger.

7. No sign or advertisement shall be placed in, around or upon any area of the Premises or building without prior written consent of the Landlord, which consent shall constitute a license revocable immediately upon written notice of the Landlord.

8. No items of personal property shall be placed in, around or upon any common area of the building.

9. No noise or other sound is permitted which disturbs the other occupants from quiet enjoyment of their apartment or common areas of the property.

10. No cooking, baking or similar activity is permitted outside the kitchen area, except when Barbeque grills are allowed on the balcony of an apartment. However, any liability or loss arising from the use or operation of a Barbeque grill shall be borne by Tenant.

11. No vertical or horizontal projection, machinery, device or receiver of any type, including satellite dishes, shall be attached in, around or upon any part of the Premises or the property without Landlord’s written consent.

12. No unsightly or unsanitary practice which could undermine the sanitation, health or appearance of the building interior or exterior shall be permitted.

13. No activity carried on within the Premises or common areas of the property will be permitted which threatens the health, safety or property of any building occupant, or of Landlord.

14. Plumbing and electrical facilities in the Premises shall be maintained diligently and neatly at all times.

15. The use of water furniture is prohibited.

16. If the building is served by an elevator, Tenant must reserve move-in and move-out times in accordance with Landlord’s policies.

18. These Rules and Regulations are not exhaustive and may be supplemented or modified from time to time upon written notice to Tenant.
Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Lessor’s Disclosure

(a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):

   (i) _____ Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

   (ii) _____ Lessor has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(b) Records and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):

   (i) _____ Lessor has provided the lessee with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).

   (ii) _____ Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Lessee’s Acknowledgment (initial)

(c) _______ Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.

(d) _______ Lessee has received the pamphlet Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home.

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

_________________________________________  ________________________
Lessor                                                                                     Date

_________________________________________  ________________________
Lessee                                                                                     Date
Mold Information and Prevention Rider

Please note: It is our goal to maintain a quality living environment for our Residents. To help achieve this goal, it is important to work together to minimize any mold growth in your Apartment. That is why this addendum contains important information for you, and responsibilities for both you and us.

1. ADDENDUM. This is an addendum to the Apartment Lease executed by you, the Resident(s), on the Apartment you have agreed to rent.

That Apartment is located at: 416 W Barry, Apt _201_, Chicago, IL 60657.

2. ABOUT MOLD. Mold is found virtually everywhere in our environment - both indoors and outdoors and in both new and old structures. Molds are naturally occurring microscopic organisms which reproduce by spores and have existed practically from the beginning of time. All of us have lived with mold spores all our lives. Without molds we would all be struggling with large amounts of dead organic matter.

Mold breaks down organic matter in the environment and uses the end product for its food. Mold spores (like plant pollen) spread through the air and are commonly transported by shoes, clothing, and other materials. When excess moisture is present inside an Apartment, mold can grow. There is conflicting scientific evidence as to what constitutes an accumulation of mold which could lead to adverse health effects. Nonetheless, appropriate precautions need to be taken.

3. PREVENTING MOLD BEGINS WITH YOU. In order to minimize the potential for mold growth in your Apartment, you must do the following:
   * Keep your Apartment clean - particularly the kitchen, the bathroom, carpets and floors. Regular vacuuming, mopping, and using a household cleaner to clean hard surfaces is important to remove the household dirt and debris that harbor mold or food for mold. Immediately throw away moldy food.
   * Remove visible moisture accumulation on windows, walls, ceilings, floors and other surfaces as soon as reasonably possible. Look for leaks in washing machine hoses and discharge lines - especially if the leak is large enough for water to infiltrate nearby walls. Turn on any exhaust fans in the bathroom and kitchen before you start showering or cooking with open pots. When showering, be sure to keep the shower curtain inside the tub or fully close the shower doors.  Also, the experts recommend that after taking a shower or bath, you (1) wipe moisture off shower walls, shower doors, the bathtub, and the bathroom floor; (2) leave the bathroom door open until all moisture on the mirror and bathroom walls and tile surfaces has dissipated; and (3) hang up your towels and bath mats so they will completely dry out.
   * Promptly notify us in writing about any air conditioning or heating system problems you discover. Follow our rules, if any, regarding replacement of air filters. Also, it is recommended that you periodically open windows and doors on days when the outdoor weather is dry (i.e., humidity is below 50%) to help humid areas of your Apartment dry out.
   * Promptly notify us in writing about any signs of water leaks, water infiltration or mold. We will respond in accordance with state law and the Lease Contract to repair or remedy the situation, as necessary.

4. IN ORDER TO AVOID MOLD GROWTH, it is important to prevent excessive moisture buildup in your Apartment. Failure to promptly pay attention to leaks and moisture that might accumulate on Apartment surfaces or that might get inside walls or ceilings can encourage mold growth. Prolonged moisture can result from a wide variety of sources, such as:
   * rainwater leaking from roofs, windows, doors and outside walls, as well as flood waters rising above floor level;
   * overflows from showers, bathtubs, toilets, lavatories, sinks, washing machines, dehumidifiers, refrigerator or A/C drip pans or clogged up A/C condensation lines;
   * leaks from plumbing lines or fixtures, and leaks into walls from bad or missing grouting/caulking around showers, tubs, or sinks;
   * washing machine hose leaks, plant watering overflows, pet urine, cooking spills, beverage spills and steam from excessive open-pot cooking;
   * leaks from clothes dryer discharge vents (which can put lots of moisture into the air); and
   * insufficient drying of carpets, carpet pads, shower walls and bathroom floors.

5. IF SMALL AREAS OF MOLD HAVE ALREADY OCCURRED ON NON-POROUS SURFACES (such as ceramic tiles, formica, vinyl flooring, metal, wood, or plastic), the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommends that you first clean the areas with soap (or detergent) and water, let the surface dry, and then within 24 hours apply a pre-mixed, spray-on-type household biocide, such as Lysol Disinfectant®, Pine-Sol Disinfectant®, (original pine-scented), Tilex Mildew Remover® or Clorox Cleanup®. (Note: Only a few of the common household cleaners will actually kill mold.) Tilex® and Clorox® contain bleach which can discolor or stain. Be sure to follow the instructions on the container. Applying biocides without first cleaning away the dirt and oils from the surface is like painting over old paint without first cleaning and preparing the surface.

Always clean and apply a biocide to an area 5 or 6 times larger than any visible mold because mold may be adjacent in quantities not yet visible to the naked eye. A vacuum cleaner with a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter can be used to help remove non-visible mold products from porous items, such as fibers in sofas, chairs, drapes and carpets - provided the fibers are completely dry. Machine washing or dry cleaning will remove mold from clothes.

6. DO NOT CLEAN OR APPLY BIOCIDES TO: (1) visible mold on porous surfaces, such as sheetrock walls or ceilings, or (2) large areas of visible mold on non-porous surfaces. In each case, notify us in writing and we will take appropriate action.

7. COMPLIANCE. Complying with this addendum will help prevent mold growth in your Apartment, and both you and we will be able to respond correctly if problems develop that could lead to mold growth. If you have questions regarding this addendum, please contact us at the management office or at the phone number shown in your Apartment Lease.

If you fail to comply with this addendum, you can be held responsible for property damage to the Apartment and any health problems that may result. We cannot fix problems in your Apartment unless we know about them.

Resident(s) ____________________________________________________________________________________________

Owner ____________________________________________________________________________________________

Date ____________________________________________________________________________________________

Date ____________________________________________________________________________________________
LEASE ATTACHMENT FOR DRUG-FREE HOUSING

This Agreement entered into on _____________________ by and between THE HABITAT COMPANY, Managing Agent and ___________________________ in consideration of their mutual promises agrees as follows:

In consideration of the execution or renewal of a lease of the dwelling unit identified in the Lease, Owner and Tenant agree as follows:

1. Tenant, any member of the tenants, household, or guest or other persons under the tenant's control shall not engage in criminal activity including drug-related criminal activity, on or near Riverside Village premises. "Drug-use, in or possession of with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, or use, a controlled substance" (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act (21 U.S.C.802).

2. Tenant, any member of the Tenant's household, or a guest or other person under the tenant's control shall not engage in any act intended to facilitate criminal activity, including drug-related criminal activity, on or near __________ premises.

3. Tenant or members of the household will not permit the dwelling unit to be used for or to facilitate criminal activity including drug-related criminal activity, regardless of whether the individual engaging in such activity is a member of the household or guest.

4. Tenant members of the household will not engage in the manufacture, sale, or distribution of illegal drugs at any location, whether on or near Riverside Village premises or otherwise.

5. Tenant, any member of the tenant's household, or a guest or other person under the tenant's control shall not engage in acts of violence or threats of violence including, but not limited to the unlawful discharge of firearms, on or near __________ premises.

6. VIOLATION OF THE ABOVE PROVISIONS SHALL BE A MATERIAL VIOLATION OF THE LEASE AND GOOD CAUSE FOR TERMINATION OF TENANCY. A single violation of any of the provisions of this attachment shall be deemed a serious violation and a material noncompliance with the lease. It is understood and agreed that a single violation shall be good cause for termination of the lease. Unless otherwise provided by law, proof of violation shall not require criminal conviction, but shall be by a preponderance of the evidence.

7. In case of conflict between the provisions of this attachment and any other provisions of the lease, the provisions of the attachment shall govern.

8. This Lease Attachment is incorporated into the lease executed or renewed this day between Owner and Tenant.

__________________________________ ____________________________________
Tenant  Date Tenant         Date
At initial offering, this Summary of the ordinance must be attached to every written rental agreement and also upon initial offering for renewal. The Summary must also be given to a tenant at initial offering of an oral agreement, whether the agreement is new or a renewal. Unless otherwise noted, all provisions are effective as of November 6, 1986. [Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-170]

IMPORTANT; IF YOU SEEK TO EXERCISE RIGHTS UNDER THE ORDINANCE, OBTAIN A COPY OF THE ENTIRE ORDINANCE TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE REMEDIES AND PROCEDURES. CONSULTING AN ATTORNEY WOULD ALSO BE ADVISABLE. FOR A COPY OF THE ORDINANCE, VISIT THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE ROOM 107, CITY HALL, 121 N. LASALLE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
A message about porch safety: The porch or deck of this building should be designed for a live load of up to 100 lbs. per square foot, and is safe only for its intended use. Protect your safety. Do not overload the porch or deck. If you have questions about porch or deck safety, call the City of Chicago non-emergency number, 3-1-1.

WHAT RENTAL UNITS ARE COVERED BY THE ORDINANCE? [MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-010 & 5-12-020]
• Rental units with written or oral leases (including all subsidized units such as CHA, IHDA, Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers, etc.)
EXCEPT
• Units in owner occupied buildings with six or fewer units.
• Units in hotels, motels, rooming houses, unless rent is paid on a monthly basis and unit is occupied for more than 32 days.
• School dormitory rooms, shelters, employee's quarters, non-residential rental properties.
• Owner occupied co-ops and condominiums.

WHAT ARE THE TENANT'S GENERAL DUTIES UNDER THE ORDINANCE? [MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-040]
The tenant, the tenant's family and invited guests must comply with all obligations imposed specifically upon tenants by provision of the Municipal Code, applicable to dwelling units, including section 7-28-859:
• Buying and installing working batteries in smoke and carbon monoxide detectors within tenant's apartment.
• Keeping the unit safe and clean.
• Using all equipment and facilities in a reasonable manner.
• Not deliberately or negligently damaging the unit.
• Not disturbing other residents.

LANDLORD'S RIGHT OF ACCESS [MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-050]
• A tenant shall permit reasonable access to a landlord upon receiving two days’ notice by mail, telephone, written notice or other means designed in good faith to provide notice.
• A general notice to all affected tenants may be given in the event repair work on common areas or other units may require such access.
• In the event of emergency or where repairs elsewhere unexpectedly require access, the landlord must provide notice within two days after entry.

SECURITY DEPOSITS AND PREPAID RENT [MUN. CODE CH: 5-12-080 AND 5-12-081]
• A landlord must give a tenant a receipt for a security deposit including the owner's name, the date it was received and a description of the dwelling unit. The receipt must be signed by the person accepting the security deposit.
• However, if the security deposit is paid by means of an electronic funds transfer, the landlord has the option to give an electronic receipt. The electronic receipt must describe the dwelling unit, state the amount and date of the deposit, and have an electronic or digital signature. (eff. 10-8-10)
• However, the landlord may accept the payment of the first month's rent and the security deposit in one check or one electronic funds transfer and deposit such rent and security deposit into one account, if the landlord within 5 days of such acceptance transfers the security deposit into a separate account. (eff. 10-8-10)
• A landlord must hold all security deposits in a federally insured interest-bearing account in a financial institution located in Illinois. Security deposits and interest thereon shall not be commingled with the assets of the landlord.
SECURITY DEPOSITS AND PREPAID RENT {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-080 AND 5-12-081} (Cont.)

- A landlord must return all security deposits and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages, within 45 days from the date the tenant vacates the unit.
- In the event of a fire, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages, within seven days from the date that the tenant provides notice of termination of the rental agreement. (eff. 1-1-92)
- In the event of a sale or any other disposition of residential real property by a landlord, the successor landlord is liable to the tenant for any security deposit or prepaid rent paid to the original landlord. The successor landlord must notify the tenant, in writing, within 14 days from the disposition that the deposit or prepaid rent was transferred to the successor landlord. The original landlord remains liable for the deposit or prepaid rent until the original landlord transfers the deposit or prepaid rent to the successor landlord and provides proper notice of such transfer to the tenant. (Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-080 (e) eff. 5-18-10)

WHAT ARE THE LANDLORD'S GENERAL DUTIES UNDER THE ORDINANCE?

- To give new or renewing tenants notice of:
  1) Code citations issued by the City in the previous 12 months;
  2) Pending Housing Court or administrative hearing actions;
  3) Water; electrical or gas service shut-offs to the building during entire occupancy. {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-100}
- To maintain the property in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Municipal Code. {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-070}
- To not require a tenant to renew an agreement more than 90 days before the existing agreement terminates. (eff. 1-1-92) {Mun. Code Ch. 5-12-130(i)}

TENANT REMEDIES {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110}

Minor Defects
- If the landlord fails to maintain the property in compliance with the Code and the tenant or the tenant's family or guests are not responsible for the failure, the tenant may:
  1) Request in writing that the landlord make repairs within 14 days, and if the landlord fails to do so the tenant may withhold an amount of rent that reasonably reflects the reduced value of the unit. Rent withholding begins from the fifteenth day until repairs are made; OR
  2) Request in writing that the landlord make repairs Within 14 days and if the landlord fails to do so the tenant may have the repairs made and deduct up to $500 or 1/2 of the month's rent, whichever is more, but not to exceed one month's rent. Repairs must be done in compliance with the Code. Receipt for the repairs must be given to the landlord and no more than the cost of the repairs can be deducted from the rent; and also
  3) File suit against the landlord for damages and injunctive relief.

Major Defects
- If the landlord fails to maintain the property in compliance with the Code, and the failure renders the premises not reasonably fit and habitable, the tenant may request in writing that the landlord make repairs within 14 days. If after 14 days repairs are not made, the tenant may immediately terminate the lease. Tenant must deliver possession and move out in 30 days or tenant's notice is considered withdrawn. (eff. 1-1-92)
FAILURE TO PROVIDE ESSENTIAL SERVICES (HEAT, RUNNING OR HOT WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS OR PLUMBING) {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110(t)}

- If, contrary to the lease, an essential service is not provided, or if the landlord fails to maintain the building in material compliance with the Code to such an extent that such failure constitutes an immediate danger to the health and safety of the tenant, and the tenant or tenant's family or guests are not responsible for such failure, after giving written notice, the tenant may do ONE of the following:
  1) Procure substitute service, and upon presenting paid receipts to the landlord, deduct the cost from the rent; OR
  2) File suit against the landlord and recover damages based on the reduced value of the dwelling unit; OR
  3) Procure substitute housing and be excused from paying rent for that period. The tenant may also recover from the landlord the cost of substitute housing up to an amount equal to the monthly rent for each month or portion thereof; OR
  4) Request that the landlord correct the failure within 24 hours and if the landlord fails to do so, withhold the monthly rent an amount that reasonably reflects the reduced value of its premises. Rent withholding cannot start until after the 24 hours expires and applies only to days past the 24-hour waiting period; OR (eff. 1-1-92)
  5) Request that the landlord correct the failure within 72 hours and if the landlord fails to do so, terminate the rental agreement. If the rental agreement is terminated, the tenant must deliver possession and move out within 30 days or the notice of termination is considered withdrawn. (eff. 1-1-92)

Note: Remedies 4) and 5) may not be used if the failure is due to the utility provider's failure to provide service. For the purposes of this section only, the notice a tenant provides must be in writing, delivered to the address the landlord has given the tenant as an address to which notices should be sent. If the landlord does not inform the tenant of an address, the tenant may deliver written notice to the last known address of the landlord or by any other reasonable means designed in good faith to provide written notice to the landlord. (eff. 1-1-92)

FIRE OR CASUALTY DAMAGE {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-110 (g)}

- If a fire damages the unit to an extent that it is in material noncompliance with the Code and he tenant, tenant's family or guests are not responsible for the fire or accident, the tenant may:
  1) Move out immediately, but if this is done, the tenant must provide written notice to the landlord of the intention to terminate within 14 days after moving out.
  2) The tenant may stay in the unit, if it is legal, but if the tenant stays and cannot use a portion of the unit because of damage, the rent may be reduced to reflect the reduced value of the unit.
  3) If the tenant stays, and the landlord fails to diligently carry out the work, the tenant may notify the landlord, in writing, within 14 days after the tenant becomes aware that the work is not being diligently carried out of the tenant's intention to terminate the rental agreement and move out.

SUBLEASES {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-120}

- The landlord must accept a reasonable subtenant offered by the tenant without charging additional fees.
- If a tenant moves prior to the end of the rental agreement, the landlord must make a good faith effort to find a new tenant at a fair rent.
- If the landlord is unsuccessful in re-renting the unit, the tenant remains liable for the rent under the rental agreement, as well as the landlord's cost of advertising.

WHAT HAPPENS IF A TENANT PAYS RENT LATE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-140 (h)}

- If the tenant fails to pay rent on time, the landlord may charge a late fee of $10.00 per month on rents under $500 plus 5 percent per month on that part of the rent that exceeds $500.00 (i.e., for a $450.00 monthly rent the late fee is $10.00, for a $700 monthly rent the late fee is $10 plus 5% of $200.00 or $20.00 total) (eff. 1-1-92)

WHAT HAPPENS IF A TENANT PAYS RENT DUE AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE TIME PERIOD SET FORTH IN A TERMINATION NOTICE? {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-140 (g) CH. 5-12-130 (g)}

- If the landlord accepts the rent due knowing that there is a default in payment, the tenant may stay.

LANDLORD REMEDIES {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-130}

- If the tenant fails to pay rent, the landlord, after giving five days written notice to the tenant, may terminate the rental agreement.
- If the tenant fails to comply with the Code or the rental agreement, the landlord, after giving 10 days written notice to the tenant, may terminate the rental agreement if tenant fails to correct the violation.
- If the tenant fails to comply with the Code or the rental agreement, the landlord may request in writing that the tenant comply as promptly as conditions permit in the case of emergency, or within 14 days. If the breach is not corrected in the time period specified, the landlord may enter the dwelling unit and have the necessary work done. In this case, the tenant shall be responsible for all costs of repairs.

LOCKOUTS {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-160}

This section applies to every residential rental unit in Chicago. There are no exceptions.

- It is illegal for a landlord to lock out a tenant, or change locks, or remove doors of a rental unit, or cut off heat, utility or water service, or to do anything which interferes with the tenant's use of the apartment.
- All lockouts are illegal and the Police Department is responsible for enforcement against such illegal activity. (eff. 1-1-92) (Police Special Order 93-12)
- The landlord shall be fined $200 to $500 for each day the lockout occurs or continues.
- The tenant may sue the landlord to recover possession of the unit and twice the actual damages sustained or two months' rent, whichever is greater.
PROHIBITION ON RETALIATORY CONDUCT BY LANDLORD {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-150}
• A tenant has the right to complain or testify in good faith about their tenancy to governmental agencies or officials, police, media, community groups, tenant unions or the landlord. A landlord is prohibited from retaliating by terminating or threatening to terminate a tenancy, increasing rent, decreasing services, bringing or threatening to bring an eviction action, or refusing to renew a lease agreement.

ATTORNEY'S FEES {MUN. CODE CH. 5-12-180}
• Except in eviction actions, the prevailing plaintiff in any action arising from the application of this Ordinance shall be entitled to recover all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. (eff. 1-1-92)

WHERE CAN I GET A COPY OF THE ORDINANCE?
• For a copy of the Ordinance, visit the Office of the City Clerk, Room 107, City Hall, 121 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois or view it at the Municipal Reference Library, Harold Washington Library, 5th Floor, 400 S. State Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Approved by the City of Chicago, June 2013

Chicago Rents Right
Good Tenants, Good Landlords, Great Neighborhoods!

For more information, please call 312-742-RENT (7368)

LESSEE: __________________________
LESSOR: THE HABITAT COMPANY LLC, AS AGENT FOR THE OWNER
Date _____________, Community Manager Date ____________

_______________________________
_______________________________
RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ORDINANCE
Rate of Interest on Security Deposits

An amendment to the Chicago Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance requires this separate summary—which describes the rights, obligations, and remedies, and the new rate of security deposit interest, and the rate for each of the prior two years – to be attached to each written rental agreement, or be given to tenants who have an oral agreement. (Effective June 30, 1997)

Municipal Code Chapters 5-012-170, 5-12-080 and 5-12-081

- A landlord must give a tenant a receipt for a security deposit including the owner’s name, the date it was received and a description of the dwelling unit. The person accepting the security deposit must sign the receipt.
- A landlord must pay interest each year on security deposits (eff. 11-6-86) and prepaid rent (eff. 1-1-92) held more than six months.
- The rate of interest that a landlord must pay is set each year by the City Comptroller (eff. 7-1-97).
- Before a landlord can deduct expenses for damages from the security deposit, the landlord must provide the tenant with an itemized statement of the damages within 30 days of the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit.
- Within 45 days of the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages.
- In the event of fire, a landlord must return all security deposit and required interest, if any, minus unpaid rent and expenses for damages within seven (7) days from the date that the tenant provides notice of termination of the rental agreement. (eff. 1-1-92).
- In the event monies are withheld from the security deposit for damages the landlord must submit to the tenant’s last known address an itemized statement of such damages. Such statement must include estimated or actual costs to repair the damage including copies of paid receipts. If estimates are provided, the landlord must submit paid receipts within 30 days of the date of the statement.
- Security Deposits for this property are held at: JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., 10 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60603.

Under Chapter 5-12 of the Municipal Code of Chicago sections 5-12-081 and 5-12-082, the City Comptroller shall calculate and announce on the first business day of each year, the rate of interest to be paid on security deposits. As of January 1, 2016, based on information from the City Comptroller’s Office, the interest rate to be paid on security deposits is 0.010%. This rate is based upon the average of the rates of interest, as of December 31, 2015 of the following types of accounts at the commercial bank having its main branch located in the City of Chicago and having the largest total asset value: Passbook Savings; Insured Money Markets; and Six-month Certificates of Deposit (based on a deposit of $1,000).

Security Deposit Interest Rate

| Current Rate - January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017 | 0.010% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 | 0.010% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015 | 0.010% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014 | 0.013% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013 | 0.023% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012 | 0.057% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 | 0.073% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 | 0.073% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009 | 0.12% |
| Past Rate – January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 | 1.26% |

For a copy of the complete Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, go to http://www.chicityclerk.com/legislation/codes/index.html and click on Chapter 5-12—Residential Landlords and Tenants, or visit the Office of the City Clerk, Room 107, City Hall, 121 N. LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL 60602. For a copy of the Residential Landlord and Tenant Ordinance Summary call 3-1-1, or visit the City of Chicago Department of Housing, 318 S. Michigan Avenue or call them at (312) 742-8400 or email the Department of Housing at Housing@ci.chi.il.us. Or refer to your copy of CAA’s Landlord-Tenant Handbook.

Date | Date
SMOKE DETECTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The undersigned tenant(s) (“Tenant”) of the apartment identified below (the “Apartment”) hereby acknowledges receipt from The Habitat Company LLC (“Habitat”), as manager of the building commonly known as “___________” for owner, its beneficiaries, agents and partners (collectively, “Owner”), of an approved smoke detector(s) (the “Smoke Detector(s)”) which is/are installed in the Apartment are in good working order as of the date hereof.

Owner shall be responsible for providing functional batteries for the Smoke Detector and for testing and maintaining the Smoke Detector in accordance with applicable law.

Tenant is responsible for notifying Habitat in writing of any deficiencies in the Smoke Detector or any of the batteries contained therein. Neither Tenant nor any of Tenant’s guests or invitees shall tamper with, misuse, destroy or adjust the Smoke Detector or remove any batteries therefrom, all of which is strictly prohibited.

Tenant hereby authorizes Owner and Habitat to charge Tenant under the lease for the Apartment for any and all costs and expenses incurred by Habitat or Owner for repairing or replacing the Smoke Detector(s), if such repair or replacement is deemed necessary by Habitat or Owner as the result of any tampering, misuse, destruction, or adjustment of the Smoke Detector(s) by Tenant or any of Tenant’s guests or invitees.

Tenant hereby knowingly and voluntarily forever waives and releases Habitat and Owner, their successors and assigns, from any and all liability, claims, injuries or damages resulting from Tenant’s tampering with, misuse, destruction or adjustment of the Smoke Detector(s).

Date: ____________, 20_____   Tenant(s) ________________________

Apartment: _______________   Building: ___________________
OFAC APPENDIX

Resident warrants and represents to Landlord that Resident is not, and shall not become, a person or entity with whom Landlord is restricted from doing business with under regulations of the Office of Foreign Asset Control (“OFAC”) of the Department of the Treasury (including, but limited to, those names on OFAC’s Specially Designated and Blocked Persons List) or under any statute. Executive order (including, but not limited to, the September 24, 2001, Executive Order Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism), or other governmental action and is not and shall not engage in any dealings or transaction or be otherwise associated with such persons or entities. Resident hereby understands that Landlord (or an agency on Landlord’s behalf) may verify the foregoing representation and warranty.

_________________________________  _________________________________
Resident Signature                      Authorized Agent

_________________________________
Resident Signature

_________________________________
Resident Signature

_________________________________
Resident Signature
Per Section 5-12-101 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, the City of Chicago requires that all residential landlords deliver to new and renewing tenants this seven-page informational brochure on bed bug prevention and treatment.

Received this ___ day of __________, 20___ __________________________. Tenant(s)
Bed bugs can be found in homes, apartments, hotels, schools, dormitories, shelters, offices and other places. This brochure provides information on bed bugs and what you should do if you have or suspect you have a bed bug infestation in your apartment. It also describes your rights and responsibilities as a tenant.

Why is this brochure being provided to me?
In 2013, the City of Chicago passed an ordinance to help address the growing problem of bed bugs. This ordinance provides that landlords and tenants share the responsibility in preventing and controlling bed bug infestations. Further, the ordinance requires that landlords provide an informational brochure on bed bugs to tenants. This informational brochure, developed by the Chicago Department of Public Health, is intended to meet this requirement.

What are bed bugs?
Bed bugs are small, flat, wingless insects. They feed on blood and can be a nuisance for individuals. They are named for their tendency to live on mattresses or other parts of a bed.

*Adult bed bug-actual size.

What do bed bugs look like?
Adult bed bugs are roughly the size, shape and color of an apple seed: 1/4 of an inch in length and light or reddish-brown in color. Immature forms of bed bugs are smaller and lighter in color. Eggs are tiny and white. You should be able to see the adult form with your naked eye, but may need a magnifying glass to see the immature forms or eggs. Please refer to the website listed at the end of this brochure for pictures of bed bugs.

Where do bed bugs live?
Bed bugs can be found anywhere people sleep, sit or lay down. They can be found on mattresses and box springs, especially near the piping, seams and tags, and in cracks and crevices of head boards and bed frames. They can also be found in other furniture, especially in the seams and zippers of chairs and couches, in the folds of curtains, in drawer joints, in electrical outlets, behind picture frames and in other tight spaces.
How can bed bugs get into an apartment?
Bed bugs can get into an apartment by hitching a ride on mattresses or other bedding, furniture, clothing and baggage. Once in an apartment, they can crawl from one room to another, or get into an adjacent apartment by crawling through small cracks or holes in walls or ceilings or under doors. Because bed bugs do not have wings, they cannot fly into or around your apartment.

What can I do to prevent bed bugs from getting into my apartment?
Bed bugs can be found most anywhere, so ALWAYS be aware of your surroundings. Always check furniture and bedding, especially those bought secondhand, for signs of bed bugs before you buy them. NEVER bring items that someone else has disposed of into your apartment, as these items may be infested with bed bugs. When returning home from travel within or from outside the U.S., ALWAYS inspect your luggage carefully for signs of bed bugs before you bring the luggage into your apartment.

What else can I do to prevent a bed bug infestation?
Reduce clutter, especially in bedrooms. Store unused items in sealed containers or plastic bags. Wash and dry bedding often. Check beds and furniture for signs of bed bugs. Purchase mattress and box spring covers.

Do bed bugs transmit disease?
No, bed bugs are not known to transmit disease.

Are there other health concerns related to bed bugs?
Yes. Their bites, like those of other insects, may cause an allergic reaction with swelling, redness and itching. Their presence may cause people to be anxious and lose sleep.

How do I know if I have a bed bug infestation in my apartment?
Though bites may be an indicator of a bed bug infestation, they are generally a poor one as not all people will react to bed bug bites or the bites may be due to other reasons. The best indication of an infestation is to look for physical signs of bed bugs such as live or dead bed bugs, eggs or eggshells or tiny dark spots or reddish stains on mattresses or other places where bed bugs live.
What should I do if I suspect there are bed bugs in my apartment?
Under this ordinance, tenants MUST call their landlord immediately then follow-up in writing. Tenants SHOULD NOT try to get rid of the bed bugs by applying chemicals, “bug bombs” or pesticides as these do not work and could make you, your family or neighbors sick. Once a tenant has notified the landlord, wait for additional instructions from the landlord and pest management professional. Prompt notification and treatment will help prevent the further spread of bed bugs.

Should I dispose of bedding, clothing or other materials that may be infested?
Disposing of these items is probably not necessary unless directed by a pest management professional. If there are items that do need to be disposed of, do so carefully by sealing them in plastic bags so as to not spread bed bugs further. The ordinance prohibits the recycling of any bed bug infested materials and requires that any bed bug infested materials be totally enclosed in a plastic bag and labeled as being infested with bed bugs when disposed.

What should I do with any linens or clothes that may be infested?
- Wash all linen and other infested materials (including clothing) in hot water, then after drying the clothes, keep them in the dryer and dry for an additional 20 minutes on the highest setting.
- Put un-washable or “dry clean only” materials in the dryer on the highest setting for at least 20 minutes.
- If you have to launder in a common area of the building or at a laundromat, make sure all items are enclosed in a bag before leaving your apartment to prevent the further spread of bed bugs.
- Once all these materials are laundered and dried, seal them in clean bags so bed bugs can’t re-infest them.

What are my responsibilities as a tenant under this ordinance?
Tenants have two main responsibilities under this ordinance:
1) Notify your landlord within 5 days of suspecting a bed bug infestation;
2) Cooperate with the landlord by adhering to the following:
• Don’t interfere with an inspection or with a treatment.
• Grant access to your apartment for an inspection or a treatment.
• Make the necessary preparations, as instructed by your landlord or a pest management professional, prior to an inspection or a treatment.
• Dispose of any items that a pest management professional has determined can not be treated or cleaned.
• Enclose in a plastic bag any personal property that will be moved through any common area of the building, or stored in any other location.

Are there any exemptions to these tenant responsibilities?
Yes. The ordinance exempts tenants who live in an assisted living or shared housing establishment, or similar living arrangement, where the establishment is required to provide the tenant assistance with activities of daily living or mandatory services. In such cases, the landlord is responsible for making the necessary preparations and removing or disposing of any personal property.

What penalties can a tenant face for not complying with these requirements?
The ordinance allows the city to issue fines to tenants for not complying with these requirements. Fines can go as high as $2,000 for a third offense. Landlords can not fine tenants.

What are my rights as a tenant under this ordinance?
Landlords can’t retaliate against a tenant if the tenant:
• Complains of a bed bug infestation to a governmental agency elected representative or public official charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, health or similar code.
• Complains of a bed bug infestation to a community organization or to the news-media.
• Seeks the assistance of a community organization or the news-media to remedy a bed bug infestation.
• Asks the landlord to provide pest control measures.
• Testifies in court concerning any bed bug infestation.
What are my landlord's responsibilities under this ordinance?

Landlords have three main responsibilities under this ordinance:
1) Educate tenants about bed bugs by providing this brochure when tenants sign a new or renew an existing lease or other rental agreement;
2) Notify tenants prior to any inspection or treatment of their apartment for bed bugs and provide instructions for preparing the apartment.
3) Get rid of the bed bug infestation by providing pest control services by a pest management professional and paying for this service.

How much time does a landlord have to provide a pest management professional?

The ordinance allows landlords up to 10 days to have a pest management professional come to inspect your apartment.

Does the ordinance require any specific type of inspection or treatment?

If bed bugs are in an apartment, there is a chance they may be found in additional apartments in that same building, especially those closest to the apartment with the bed bugs. As a result, the apartments on either side and directly above and below the apartment with the bed bugs need to be inspected and if necessary, treated. Treatment will only occur if bed bugs are found.

Do these requirements apply to condominiums or cooperative building:

Yes, but only to units that are being rented.

What penalties can a landlord face for not complying with these requirements?

The ordinance allows the city to issue fines to landlords for not complying with these requirements. Fines can go as high as $2,000 for a third offense.
What should I do if my landlord is not responsive?
If you suspect there are bed bugs in your apartment, call your landlord immediately and follow-up in writing. Give your landlord up to 10 days to have a pest management professional come to inspect your apartment. If your landlord is not responsive, call 311 and file a complaint.

Additional information, including a copy of the ordinance, can be found at:

www.cityofchicago.org/health

Follow us on Twitter & Facebook

@ChiPublicHealth

/ChicagoPublicHealth

HEALTHY CHICAGO
CHICAGO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH
Simple Steps To Protect Your Family From Lead Hazards

If you think your home has high levels of lead:

- Get your young children tested for lead, even if they seem healthy.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Wash off shoes before entering house.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling or renovating (call 1-800-424-LEAD for guidelines).
- Don't use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, scraper, or sandpaper on painted surfaces that may contain lead.
- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.

Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home

Are You Planning To Buy, Rent, or Renovate a Home Built Before 1978?

Many houses and apartments built before 1978 have paints that contain high levels of lead (called lead-based paint). Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards if not taken care of properly.

OWNERS, SELLERS, and RENTERS are encouraged to check for lead (see page 5) before renting, buying, or renovating pre-1978 housing.

Federal law requires that individuals receive certain information before renting, buying, or renovating pre-1978 housing.

LANDLORDS must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a disclosure about lead-based paint.

SELLERS must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before selling a house. Sales contracts must include a disclosure about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.

RENOVATORS must provide information on safeguarding yourself and your family from exposure to lead. You must give your employer this pamphlet before starting work.
**Important!**

**Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil Can Be Dangerous If Not Managed Properly**

**FACT:** Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.

**FACT:** Even children who seem healthy can have high levels of lead in their bodies.

**FACT:** People can get lead in their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.

**FACT:** People have many options for reducing lead hazards. In most cases, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard.

**FACT:** Removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.

If you think your home might have lead hazards, read this pamphlet to learn some simple steps to protect your family.

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**Lead Gets in the Body in Many Ways**

**Childrenhood lead poisoning remains a major environmental health problem in the U.S.**

- **People can get lead in their body if they:**
  - Breathe in lead dust (especially during renovations that disturb painted surfaces).
  - Put their hands or other objects covered with lead dust in their mouths.
  - Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

**Even children who appear healthy can have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.**

- **Leads is most dangerous to children under the age of 6:**
  - At this age children’s brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
  - Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
  - Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.

**Lead is also dangerous to women of child-bearing age:**

- Women with a high lead level in their systems prior to pregnancy would expose a fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

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**Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found**

In general, the older your home, the more likely it has lead-based paint.

Many homes built before 1978 have lead-based paint. The federal government banned lead-based paint from housing in 1978. Some states stopped its use even earlier. Lead can be found:

- In homes in the city, country, or suburbs.
- In apartments, single-family homes, and both private and public housing.
- Inside and outside of the house.
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

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**Checking Your Family for Lead**

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has high levels of lead.

- To reduce a child’s exposure to lead, get your child checked, have your home tested (especially if your home has lead in poor condition and was built before 1978), and fix any hazards you may have.
- Blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.
- Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect high levels of lead. Blood tests are usually recommended for:
  - Children at ages 1 and 2.
  - Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead.
  - Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan.
  - Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.
Identifying Lead Hazards

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition, and is not on an impact of friction surface, like a window. It is defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 0 milligrams per square centimeter, or more than 0.5% by weight.

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, cracking, or damaged) is a hazard and warrants immediate attention. It may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear-and-tear, such as:

- Windows and window sills.
- Doors and door frames.
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches.
- Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Dust also forms when painted surfaces bump or rub together. Lead chips and dust can get on surfaces and clothes that people touch.
- Labelled lead can re-enter the air when people vacuum, sweep, or walk through it. The following guidelines have been set for lead hazards in dust:
  - 40 micrograms per square foot (mg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted areas.
  - 250 mg/ft² and higher for interior window sills.
- Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into their homes on their shoes. The following guidelines have been set for lead hazards in residential soil:
  - 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil.
  - 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, and soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes the most common methods used.

Checking Your Home for Lead

Just knowing that a home has lead-based paint may not tell you if there is a hazard.

You can get your home tested for lead in several ways:

- A paint inspection tells you whether your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won’t tell you whether or not your home currently has lead hazards.
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards.
- A combination risk assessment and inspection tells you if your home has any lead hazards and if your home has any lead-based paint, and where the lead-based paint is located.

A combination risk assessment and inspection tells you if your home has any lead hazards and if your home has any lead-based paint, and where the lead-based paint is located.

Hire a trained and certified testing professional who will use a range of reliable methods when testing your home.

Visual inspection of paint condition and location.

A portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine.

Lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples.

These state and federal programs are designed to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, or call 1-800-LEAD-HELP (532-3457) for a list of contacts in your area.

Home test kits for lead are available, but may not always be accurate. Consumers should not rely on these kits before doing renovations or to assure safety.

What You Can Do Now To Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your home has lead hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family’s risks:

- If you rent, notify your landlord or property manager immediately.
- Clean up paint chips immediately.
- Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a damp mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner or a cleaner made specifically for lead. REMEMBER: NEVER MIX AMMONIA AND BLEACH PRODUCTS TOGETHER SINCE THEY CAN FORM A DANGEROUS GAS.
- Thoroughly rinse mop heads and mop heads after cleaning dirty dusty areas.
- Wash children’s hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash balls, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces.
- Clean or remove areas before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets don’t lead.

Reducing Lead Hazards in the Home

Removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

Always hire a professional who is trained to remove lead hazards safely.

Reducing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition:

- You can temporarily reduce lead hazards by taking actions such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover soil with high lead levels. These actions (called “minimizing controls”) are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- To permanently remove lead hazards, you should hire a certified lead “abatement” contractor. Abatement or permanent hazard elimination methods include removing, sealing, or encapsulating lead-based paint with specialty materials.

Always hire a person with special training for correcting lead problems—someone who knows how to do this work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly. Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their states or by the federal government.

Once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be repeated until testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following:

- 40 micrograms per square foot (mg/ft²) for floors, including carpeted areas.
- 250 mg/ft² for interior window sills.
- 400 mg/ft² for window trims.

Call your state or local agency for help in locating certified professionals in your area and to see if financial assistance is available.
Remodeling or Renovating a Home With Lead-Based Paint

Take precautions before you begin remodeling or renovating anything that has lead-based painted surfaces such as scraping off paint or sawing off wainscoting:

- Have the area tested for lead-based paint.
- Do not use a belt-sander, propane torch, high temperature heat gun, dry-scraped or dry sandpaper to remove lead-based paint. These actions can release large amounts of lead dust and fumes. Lead dust can remain in your home long after the work is done.
- Temporarily move your family (especially children and pregnant women) out of the apartment or house until the work is done and the area is properly cleaned. If you can't move your family, at least completely seal off the work area.
- Follow EPA guidelines to reduce lead hazards. You can find out about other safety measures by calling 1-800-424-LEAD. Ask for the brochure "Reducing Lead Hazards When Remodeling Your Home." This brochure explains what to do before, during, and after renovations.

If not conducted properly, certain types of renovations can release lead from paint and dust into the air.

Other Sources of Lead

- Drinking water. Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of it. If you think your plumbing might have lead in it:
  - Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
  - Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.
- The job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your hands or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- Old painted toys and furniture.
- Soil and liquids stored in lead crystal or lead glazed pottery or porcelain.
- Lead stains on other hard surfaces that release lead into the air.
- Habits that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture.
- People with high caloric lead levels who consume food, such as "green" and "azurite" used to treat an upset stomach.

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center
Call 1-800-424-LEAD (424-5232) to learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and for other information on lead hazards. To access lead information via the web, visit www.epa.gov/lead and www.bis.gov/office/lead.

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline
Call 1-800-424-8368 for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline
To request information on lead in consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury call 1-800-335-4703, or visit CPSC's Web site at www.cpsc.gov.

Health and Environmental Agencies
Some cities, states, and tribes have their own rules for lead-based paint activities. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on testing a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date data and anonymous information for your local contacts on the Internet at www.epa.gov/lead or contact the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD.

For the hearing impaired, call the Federal Information Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 to access any of the phone numbers in this brochure.

EPA Regional Offices

Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

EPA Regional Offices

Region 1 (New England, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 1, 500 Federal Plaza, Mail Station: 201, Boston, MA 02222, (617) 565-8000
Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 2, 2250 Kodak Way, Medford NJ 07638, (609) 828-5500
Region 3 (Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 3, 5555 16th St NW, Suite 700, Washington, DC 20010, (202) 260-6000
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 4, 1101 W. Broad St., Suite 1000, Columbus, OH 43215, (614) 469-2000
Region 5 (Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, South Dakota, North Dakota, and the Dakota Territories):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 5, 222 South Dearborn St., Suite 1500, Chicago, IL 60604, (312) 886-4000
Region 6 (Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, and the Dakota Territories):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 6, 200 S. Washington St., Suite 1500, Dallas, TX 75202, (214) 273-1000
Region 7 (Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 7, 501 14th St. Suite 1000, Kansas City, MO 64105, (816) 426-4297
Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 8, 990 11th Street, Suite 500, Denver, CO 80203-2465, (303) 396-6740
Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 9, 733 Harris Way, Suite 100, San Diego, CA 92101, (619) 715-4750
Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington):
Regional Lead Contact: LEAD, EPA Region 10, 1515 4th Ave., Suite 800, Seattle, WA 98101, (206) 393-2000

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CPSC Regional Offices

Your Regional CPSC Office can provide further information regarding regulations and consumer product safety.

Eastern Regional Center
Consumer Product Safety Commission
201 Wachusetts St., Room 903
New York, NY 10014
(212) 268-4100

Central Regional Center
Consumer Product Safety Commission
250 South Dearborn St., Room 2944
Chicago, IL 60604
(312) 353-8260

Western Regional Center
Consumer Product Safety Commission
1301 Clay St., Suite 600-N
Oakland, CA 94612
(510) 639-4006

HUD Lead Office

Please contact HUD’s Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for information on lead regulations, outreach efforts, and lead hazard control and research grant programs.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control
451 Fourth Street, S.W., P.O. Box 3204
Washington, DC 20410
(202) 755-1185

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U.S. EPA Washington, DC 20460
U.S. CPSC Washington, DC 20207
U.S. HUD Washington, DC 20410

EPA-747-K-99-001
June 2003

13
The Concord at Sheridan  
Chicago, IL

Smoke-Free Living Environment Acknowledgment Form

Applicant agrees and acknowledges that the premises being applied for has been designated a smoke-free living environment. Applicant and members of applicant's household may not smoke anywhere in the unit to be rent by applicant, or in the common areas of the building where dwelling units are located including but not limited to the lobby, reception areas, vestibule, hallways, elevators, stairwells, community rooms, bathrooms, laundry rooms, and offices. Additionally, no smoking is permitted within 15 feet of the building's entry ways, porches and patios. This policy applies to all residents, guests, visitors, service personnel and employees.

TENANT CERTIFICATION

I have read and understand the above Smoke-Free Policy and I agree to comply fully with the provisions of the policy. I understand that failure to comply will constitute grounds for termination of my lease.

______________________________(SEAL)          ___________________________
Tenant       Date

_______________________________(SEAL) __________________________
Co-Tenant      Date
I, _________________________________     ___________________________________,
(Tenant’s Name)                                             (Tenant’s Address)
hereby authorize and consent to the Owner Agent, and it’s authorized officers, employees, agents and
representatives (collectively referred to as the “Owner Agent Representatives”) to obtain and confirm information
regarding any utility account with any Covered Utility serving the Resident at the address provided above. I also
authorize the Owner Agent to make payments directly to a Covered Utility on my behalf, in accordance with its
practices and policies, and acknowledge that such payments are in furtherance of the Owner Agent’s
administration and management of eligible Utility Reimbursements. I understand and acknowledge that my
eligibility for or actual receipt of any benefits for Utility Reimbursements shall not relieve me of any personal
obligation or liability I may have to a Covered Utility, except to the specific and limited extent that any validly
approved and paid Utility Reimbursement may reduce my liability for services rendered by the Covered Utility.

I represent that the account information set forth in this form is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge,
and understand and agree that it may be used by the Owner Agent for the purposes of administering utility
payments and any related administrative or operational function.

**Third Party Notification**

I further understand and consent that the Owner Agent shall be entitled to receive notice of delinquency, default,
or other account information from any Covered Utility maintained in the regular course of business by the
Covered Utility.

In the event that I change the billing customer or responsible party of record, I affirmatively agree to update this
form with the Owner Agent in a timely manner, and to disclose the relevant account information for any services
received by a Covered Utility.

**RESIDENT NAME:** ______________________________________________

**RESIDENT SIGNATURE:** ________________________________________

**DATE:** __________________________________________________